The Bombay Gazette.

No. 8619.—New Series. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1876.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* will for the future be as follows:—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	25	Half-yearly	31
Quarterly	13	Quarterly	15
Monthly	5	Monthly	6

To Subscribers Up-country.

In Advance.		*In Arrear*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 65
Half-yearly	29	Half-yearly	36
Quarterly	16	Quarterly	20
Monthly	6	Monthly	7

These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

Single Copy ..... 4 As.

Price for back numbers varies according to time between 8 annas and Rs. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5 0
Second do.	„ 2 8
Third do.	„ 2 8
Forth and succeeding insertions	„ 0 2½ As.

Line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8 As. per Line.
Second do.	4½ „ „
Third and succeeding	2½ „ „

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servants Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence Articles Lost or Found.

The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes will be as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	Rs. 1 0
Each succeeding line	„ 0-8 As.

Advertisement exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

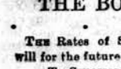
All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied in Nonpareil, or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

Domestic Occurrences: Each—Rupees 2.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

STEAM TO ZANZIBAR, COMORO, MAYOTTEE NOSE BEH, MUJUNGA AND MOZAMBIQUE VIA ADEN.



THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED), will despatch the S.S. PUNJAB, 1,630 Tons, 300 H.P., Commander G. G. C. Stevenson, as above, on SATURDAY, the 23rd September 1876, at 2 P.M.

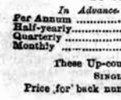
Passengers and Cargo can also be booked by the "Punjaub," for London, Algiers, Lisbon, Suez, Hodeida and Jeddah, changing at Aden to the S.S. JAVA, one of the Company's London Line Steamers, leaving Aden on the 3rd proximo.

For Freight and Passage apply to

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 13th September 1876.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.



THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under contract with Government will despatch the S.S. MALDA, 1,947 Tons, 300 H.P., Commander J. Lang, on SATURDAY, the 30th September 1876, at 4 P.M., calling at Mormugao, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cananore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Madras, Masulipatam, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, and at any other place where inducement offers.

Cargo for Singapore and China can be booked fortnightly by the steamers on this line hence for from intermediate ports for transhipment at Galle to the Messageries Maritime Company's Steamers, which run regularly.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, via KURRACHEE.

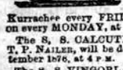
Interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company or other Steamers.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will despatch the S.S. CALCUTTA, 863 Tons, 130 H.P., Commander T. P. Nailer, on FRIDAY, the 22nd September, 1876, at 4 P.M., to the PERSIAN GULF, touching at KURRACHEE, MUSCAT, BUNDER ABBAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, FAO, BUSHIRE, and occasionally at BAHREIN, and MAHOMERAH.

(N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

BI-WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.



THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will, during the Fair Season, despatch a Steamer to Kurrachee every FRIDAY, at 4 P.M., and an Extra Steamer on every MONDAY, at 2 P.M.

The S. S. CALCUTTA, 863 Tons, 130 H.P., Commander T. P. Nailer, will be despatched on FRIDAY, the 22nd September 1876, at 4 P.M.

The S. S. VINGORLA, 577 Tons, 130 H.P., Commander—will be despatched on MONDAY, the 25th September 1876, at 2 P.M. calling at Veraval, Pore Bunder and Dutch Mandvie.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY. *VIA* SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE

GENOA, and BOMBAY on the 24th, on the 1st of each month.

PASSENGERS' RATES.

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	£22	£15	£4	Without food.
Suez	33	24	8	
Port Said	38	24	9	
Messina	50	34	14	
Naples	50	34	14	
Leghorn	50	34	14	
Genoa	50	36	14	
Marseilles	50	36	14 10	

Children under 2 years—free of charge. Children not above 10 years—half fare.

[NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—]

SUMATRA to sail on SUNDAY, 1st October 1876.

ASSYRIA, to sail on SUNDAY, 15th October.

BATAVIA to sail on WEDNESDAY, 1st November 1876.

AUSTRALIA to sail on FRIDAY, 1st December 1876.]

SUMATRA to sail on MONDAY, 1st January 1877.

All steamers of this Company have large First and Second class accommodation; all always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The exact hour of departure will be fixed and published a day of two previous to sailing.

For hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c, apply to

O. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 9, Hummum Street.

Bombay, July 1876.

STEAM TO KUTCH AND COAST.

OFFER EVERY THURSDAY.

THE well-known and fast sailing Steamer OORUN, 983 Tons, G. J. Baker, Commander, will leave for undermentioned ports on THURSDAY, the 28th September, at 8 A.M., from the Apollo Bunder.

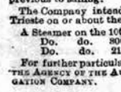
Veraval. | Pore Bunder.
Mangalore. | Dwarka.
Kutch Mandvee.

For Freight or passage apply to the undersigned.

Agent.—MANECKLALL LULLOOBHOY, No. 99, Bazaar Gate Street.
Owner.—JOOMABHOY LALLJEE, Khoja Molla.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND TRIESTE, *VIA* SUEZ CANAL.



THE First-class Steamer CALIPSO, 2,000 Tons, and 200 H.P., will be despatched from BOMBAY to TRIESTE on or about the 25th Sept.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under:—

	Cabin.	Deck with food.
To Trieste	£45 0	£18 0
To Port Said	£30 0	£13 2
To Suez	£28 0	£12 5
To Aden	£17 0	£ 6 12

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

The Company intend to despatch steamers from Bombay to Trieste on or about the following dates:—

A Steamer on the 10th November 1876
Do. do. 30th November do.
Do. do. 21st December do.

For further particulars, and for Freight and passage, apply to the Agency of the Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's Steam Navigation Company.

[A. C. GUMPERT Agent.

8 Bombay Green [11th August 1876.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other first-class Vessels will be despatched for EUROPE:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Sept. 1876.
KHEDIVE	3,742	600	...J. D. Steward	...22nd—Southampton, Oct. 1876.
VENETIA	3,726	450	...G. J. Booth	...2nd—Suez, &c.
BOKHARA	2 932	450	...W. D. Anderson	9th—Southampton.
ASSAM	3,033	500	...G. F. Cates	16th—Suez, &c.
HYDASPES	2 954	450	...D. Reynold on	23rd—Southampton.
THIBET	2,593	400	...C. H. Eastley	...30th—Suez, &c. Nov. 1876.
MALWA	2,938	450	...P. S. Tomlin	...6th—Southampton

Passengers are booked to Malta, Gibraltar and Southampton by every Mail. The Southampton Steamers proceed to that port direct; but by the alternate Steamers Passengers change vessels at Suez.

Passengers to Brindisi, Ancona, and Venice are carried by every Steamer, but proceed by rail from Suez to Alexandria.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to Musagon, on the day of the Steamer's departure, before 10 A.M., in order that it may be weighed and labelled previous to shipment.

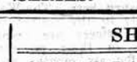
A small Steamer will leave the New Dock Head at Musagon at 3 P.M. precisely, on the day of sailing.

GEORGE F. HENRY, Superintendent.

Bombay, 16th Sept. 1876.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

On TUESDAY, the 3rd Oct. 1876, at 3 P.M., from Musagon.



THE P. and O. Co.'s S.S. LOMBARDY, Captain W. B. Hall, (2,723 Tons and 450 H.P.), will be despatched as above, carrying H. M.'s Mails and taking also passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing, and no brokerage will be allowed on any chest of opium, the officer's receipt for which is not lodged in the Company's Office before noon, on SATURDAY, the 30th September 1876.

GEORGE F. HENRY,
Bombay, 18th Sept. 1876. Superintendent.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ANCHOR LINE.

THE S. S. EUROPA, Captain J. Harris, will sail positively on SATURDAY, the 23rd instant.

For passage, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 19th September 1876.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. PUBLIC MARKETS OF BOMBAY AND BANDORA SLAUGHTER HOUSE.

Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co. are instructed by W. G. Fedden, Esq., Municip l Commissioner for the City of Bombay, to put up for Sale by Public Auction, early in the month of November 1876, the right to collect fees paid in the Public Markets (viz., Fort, Arthur Crawford, Reskine Road, and Mazagon Markets) by the squatters and others who deal in vegetable, fish, and articles of various kinds, and who pay daily fees; also fair ground and feeding fees at Bandora Slaughter House for the year 1877.

For further particulars apply after a fortnight at the office of the Municipal Commissioner, or to the Office of Superintendent of markets at Arthur Crawford Market, or to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 22nd September 1876.

SADANUND SHRIGRISTNAJEE AND CO.
A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY OF SECURING REALLY GOOD CHAMPAGNE.

AUCTION SALE of an invoice of very superior Champagne received direct from the Manufactorers Fisse, Thirion and Company reims well celebrated in London, Paris, and Germany.

On TUESDAY the 26th day of September 1876, at 2 P.M. at their Auction Room in Forbes Street, Fort, to close the Account of the Consignors, Messrs. S. SHRIGRISTNAJEE & Co. have received instructions from the Consignees Agent at Bombay.

35 Cases each Containing	1	Dozen	Quarts.	Champagne.
10	Do	„	2	„ Pints. Ditto.
4	10	„	1	„ Quart. Ditto.
10	Do	„	2	„ Pints. Ditto.

These Bottles are Corked under a totally new Patent system for securing Sparkling Wines, from leakage and requiring no instruments for uncorking. Instantly unfastened by pulling the suspended Gun outwards.

S. SHRIGRISTNAJEE & Co.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY.
2, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable and Handsome Household Furniture, Plated Glass and Porcelainwares, a Mahogany square Pianoforte by John Broadwood and Sons, a Sewing Machine, by Wheeler and Wilson, &c., at No. 16, Foras Road (Mr. John ryan's bungalow), near the Grant Road station.

On SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, at 3 P.M., commencing at 1 P.M., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at No. 16, Foras Road, the house-hold furniture, &c., of J. W. Polo, Esquire, the sale comprises rich cut glass ware, handsome dinner, dessert and breakfast services, best electroplated spoons and forks, ivory handled dessert knives and forks, tea and coffee services, ice-pail cheer, vegetable dish, coffee urn, cruet-stand, pickle frame, waiters, table and chamber candlesticks, table cutlery and handsomely carved and French polished blackwood furniture such as sandalwood telescopic, dining table in 9 pieces for 20 persons, drawing room table with marble top, pier side washing and dressing tables, conversation and reclining couches, drawing room, low, easy arm and wicknit arm chair, side board, teapoys, English made Mahogany easy chairs, writing desk, a solid mahogany square pianoforte by John Broadwood and Sons, a superior sewing machine by Wheeler and Wilson, with walnut, wood stand, four poste bedstead, campcot, almyra, clothes and gown presses, a walnut wood office table, rosewood, mahogany dressing glasses, flower vases, table and hanging argand and kerosine oil lamps, bath, dispense and cook-room furniture and utensils, &c.

Catalogues are ready and the property is now on view.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable and Handsome Household Furniture, Best Plated Glass and Porcelain Wares, a serviceable Office Shigram, 1 Grey Australian and 1 Arab Horse, Wines, Choice Plants, &c., at No. 6, Tarwady, Malabar Hill.

Under instructions from the Administrator General, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will, on MONDAY next, the 25th instant, sell by Public Auction at 1 P.M. at his residence, No. 6 Tarwady, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome household furniture, shigram, horses, &c., of the late Alexander Thomson, Esq., the same comprising engraved and cut glassware, handsome dinner, dessert and breakfast services, best electroplated bowtter, curry dishes, ice pitcher, cruet stand, egg frame, salver, toast rack, table spoons and forks, cutlery, and handsomely carved blackwood furniture, comprising drawing room, dining room, writing and wash hand, and dressing card tables, arm and easy chairs, sideboard, reclining couches, teapoys, screen, dumb-waiter, brussels carpet, bronze pedestal and hanging lamps, 2 light lustre, double compactods, chest of drawers, glass door cupboard, dressing glass, pictures, wearing apparels wines, choice plants, &c., &c.

At 2 P.M.

1 serviceable office shigram.
1 strong gree Australian horse.
1 grey Arab horse.

The above is now on view.

N.B.—he plants will be sold in the morning at 7 o'clock.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 22nd September 1876.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW READY,
SUGGESTIONS REGARDING THE
NEW CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE.
BY
W. WEDDERBURN, Bombay Civil Service.
PRICE ONE RUPEE.
May be had at the BOMBAY GAZETTE Office.

NOW READY,
BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The Bombay Gazette Overland Summary, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12
Single Copy..... Annas 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Meadow Street, Fort.

NOW READY,
THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT AND SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summary of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1867 and 1874 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date with the total for the month and the same period as far back a 1867 and 1874 respectively.
Share List and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and of arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week.

Annual Subscription in advance.....Rs. 10
Single Copy ..... Annas 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Meadow Street, Fort.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.

A LARGE SUPPLY on hand. Usual DISCOUNT to the TRADE.

Agents.—D. S. KEMP & Co., BOMBAY.

LIQUOR CHIRETTINÆ AND SACCHARO-CHIRETTINE

Are prompt and powerful Tonics; adapted to patients of all ages, and incapable of deranging the most delicate functions. In Nervous and Muscular Lassitude and in want of Appetite they are invaluable.

Per Bottle

Liq. Chirettinæ, Rs. 2-8 and Rs. 4-8.
Sacch. Chirettine, „ 1-8 and „ 2-8.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ANCHOR LINE—INDIAN SERVICE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL, *via* SUEZ CANAL.

THE following or other First Class Steamers of the ANCHOR LINE will sail from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL to PORT SAID, SUEZ, and BOMBAY, and from BOMBAY to SUEZ, PORT SAID, GIBRALTAR, and LIVERPOOL:—

	Tons	H.P.	From Glasgow.	From Liverpool.	From Bombay.
EUROPA	2277	424	.....	9th Aug.	23rd Sept.
INDIA	2293	500	.....	23rd Sept.	25th Oct.
MACEDONIA	2292	816	.....	7th Oct.	18th Nov.
TRINACRIA	2107	424	.....	20th Oct.	6th Dec.

And regularly thereafter, further sailings being arranged according to the requirements of the trade.

All the Steamers of this Line carry a SURGEON and a STEWARDESS, and have superior First-class accommodation, fitted with every convenience.

Passengers and Cargo booked through to New York in connection with the Anchor Line Trans-Atlantic Service.

FARES FROM BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

FIRST CLASS..... Rs. 500

A reduction of 15 per cent. will be given on Return Passages to all who re-embark by Anchor Line Steamers within twelve months of time of landing.

For Passage, Freight, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

N.B.—If sufficient inducement offers the Steamers of this Line will make Naples a regular port of call.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.
(VIA SUEZ CANAL.)

The following fine powerful Steamers will sail from Bombay as under:—

S. S. CHILDWALL HALL to sail on 30th September.
„ CITY OF BALTIMORE „ 11th October.
„ TRENTHAM HALL „ 25th October.
„ BRANKSOME HALL to follow.

THESE Steamers have been especially built for the Bombay Trade and have already become known for their speed. The Saloon and Cabins are handsomely got up and a Surgeon and Stewardess are carried by all the Steamers of the Line. They present a splendid opportunity to INTENDING PASSENGERS.

For Rates of Passage Money and for any further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents,

Bombay, 21st September 1876.

PROFESSOR THORN.

ADMISSION EIGHT ANNAS.

ENTIRELY NEW PROGRAMME,

FRAMJEE COWASJEE INSTITUTE.

SATURDAY, 23rd SEPTEMBER.

BY DESIRE OF SEVERAL PROPRIETORS OF SCHOOLS AND THE GENERAL PUBLIC,

GRAND DAY PERFORMANCE,

FOR SCHOOLS, JUVENILES AND FAMILIES.

Numbered seats may be secured at Messrs. M. BRESLAUER & Co.'s up to 2½ o'clock on Saturday, the 23rd September.

Doors open at 3½ o'clock, to commence at 4½ o'clock.

Special arrangements may be made with the Tramway Company

BOMBAY SAW MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a DIVIDEND of RUPEES EIGHTY per Share will be PAID on and after the 26th instant, to the SHAREHOLDERS of the Company whose names stood on the Register on 21st idem, on PRODUCTION of SHARE CERTIFICATES.

By Order of the Directors,
W. NICOL & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 21st September 1876.

VOLKART'S UNITED PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 5, Rampart Row, on SATURDAY, the 30th September, at 1 P.M., to transact the following business:—

I. To receive the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts to the 3th June 1876, and to sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
II. To appoint Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
III. To appoint an Auditor for the ensuing year and to fix his remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 22nd September to 1st October, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
VOLKART BROTHERS,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 22nd September 1876

THE BHOWNUGGER MILLS AND PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held on FRIDAY, the 29th September 1876, at the Registered Office of the Company, Nos. 4 and 5, Elphinstone Circle, at 3 P.M., to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet made up to 31st December 1875. Also to receive a sketch of the Profit and Loss Account for the half year ending 30th June 1876.
2. To confirm the appointments of Directors made by the Board and to elect Directors in the room of those who retire by rotation or otherwise.
3. To declare an Interim Dividend.
4. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 22nd to the 29th instant, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
FORBES & Co.,
Secretaries and Managers.

4 and 5, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 21st September 1876.

EDUCATION.

A WELL EDUCATED ENGLISH LADY would be glad to take two or three young PARSEE or HINDOO LADIES as Pupils in English, French, Music and Singing. Terms very moderate. Address "ALPHA," care of this Paper.

NOTICE

THE DEWAN will SELL by PUBLIC AUCTION the CONTRACT for the SUPPLY of 1,85,000 Indian Maunds of BOMBAY SALT required for the use of the Travancore Government.

2. The sale will take place at the Huzoor Cutcherry at Noon on the 4th October 1876 when intending bidders should be present either in person or by duly appointed Agents.

3. Each bidder will be required to make a deposit of 500 Rupees before the commencement of the sale, and none but those who have made this deposit will be permitted to compete.

4. In the case of unsuccessful bidders, the deposits will be returned immediately after the sale is over. In the case of successful parties, they will be retained as a security against default until the required security is furnished and the agreement entered into efore the Commercial Agent.

5. In addition to the forfeiture of the deposit, parties who fail to execute the agreement will be held liable for losses the Government may sustain in consequence of their default.

6. The Contract will be put up in 6 lots, 5 of 30,000 Maunds each and one of 35,000 Maunds. But if the parties present at the sale so wish it the Government will have no objection to put up the whole quantity for one or both of the Ports specified below in one or two whole lots.

7. The Salt shall be delivered into the Bankshalls or Godowns as noted in the margin, and all charges until the Salt reaches the Godowns will have to be borne by the Contractor.

150,000	Alleppey.
35,000	at Monumoum.

8. The delivery shall commence immediately after Contract and shall be completed before the end of April 1877.

9. The Salt will have to be removed in bags from the Bombay Works, and brought and landed also in bags. These bags will be returned to the owners after the Salt has been stored.

10. The Salt will be received by weights at Alleppey by passing the bags in trucks over the Weigh Bridge and counting 82½ English lb. to one Indian Maund and at Monumbum by passing them over the Weighing Machines graduated in Maunds and Seers.

11. The public are hereby informed that the Government of Bombay will not require prepayment of the salt duty in future, and the following rules will now obtain and they must be strictly complied with:—

(a). On entering into Contracts, the Contractors will be furnished with certificates under the seal and signature of the Commercial Agent specifying the quantities of salt they are authorized to procure for the use of this Government.

(b). Duplicates of these certificates will be forwarded by the Commercial Agent to the Bombay Salt Authorities.

(c). On production of the original certificate, the Bombay Government will permit the Contractor to export *free of duty* as much Salt as he is authorized to procure. The quantity shipped in each vessel will be recorded on the face of the certificate in the possession of the Contractor, and of the duplicate of it, and will also be communicated to the Commercial Agent.

(d). Immediately after the Salt is delivered, the Commercial Agent will ascertain if the whole quantity shipped has been landed. If not, he will levy upon the deficient quantity the full export duty of 1 Rupee 13 Annas. Thus no allowance for wastage will be made hereafter.

(e). After each shipment has been received the Commercial Agent will grant a certificate showing whether the whole quantity shipped has been delivered or not, and in the latter case that full duty at 1 Rupee 13 Annas had been received from the shipper upon the deficient quantity.

(f). This certificate must be produced before the Bombay Authorities within two months at the latest from the date of shipment.

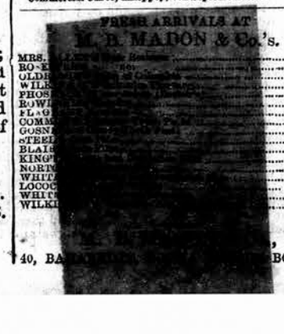
(g). Satisfactory security either in Government paper or cash to the extent of 15 Rs. per 100 will have to be furnished before the Contract is entered into, to enable the Commercial Agent to recover the duty on deficiencies and for the general fulfilment of the Contract.

12. The Contract price will be paid as each shipment is delivered.

13. Approved samples of Bombay Salt will be exhibited at the time of sale, and only such Salt must be supplied and all salt of inferior quality will be rejected.

14. Any further information can be had on application to the Undersigned.

HUGH CRAWFORD,
Commercial Agent to the Travancore Government.
Commercial Office, Alleppey, 7th September 1876.



NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRANT ROAD THEATRE.

TO-DAY, FRIDAY, 22ND SEPTEMBER.
FIRST TIME IN THIS THEATRE
Of the highly successful London Extravaganza,
CAMARALZAMAN!
OR
THE BAD DJINN AND THE GOOD SPIRIT.
Preceded by the Screaming Farce,
WANTED A YOUNG LADY.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.
Dress Circle, Rs. 3. Stalls, Rs. 2. Gallery, Re, 1.
PIT EIGHT ANNAS.
Seats can be secured at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.'s
Doors open at 8-30. Commence at 9.

FORT THEATRE.
SATURDAY, 23RD SEPTEMBER.
STAR COMPANY.
COMEDY NIGHT.

The Performance will commence with the Elegant Two-Act Comedy by Mr. Brinsley Sallidays,
CHECKMATE,
And conclude with the Favourite Burlesque,
ACIS AND GALATEA,
OR
THE BEAU! THE BELLE!! AND THE BLACKSMITH!!!

PRICES OF ADMISSION.
First Class, Rs. 2. Second Class, Re. 1.
Seats can be secured at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.
Doors open at 8-30. Commence at 9.
PUNKAHS IN FULL SWING.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are INVITED for laying a 14 inch WATER MAIN from NESBIT LANE to MAZAGON PIER.

Plans, Specifications and Conditions of Contract can be seen and other information regarding this work can be obtained between the hours of 11 A.M. and 4 P.M., at the Office of the Executive Engineer on Special Duty Water Works.

The Tenders must be sent on or before the 3rd day of October next to the address of the MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER endorsed on the cover "Tenders for the Mazgon M-in."

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
RIENZI WALTON, C.E.,
Executive Engineer on Special Duty, Water Works.
Executive Municipal Engineer's Office, Bombay, 21st September 1876.

MALABAR HILL.

TO BE LET, from 1st November 1876, the Commodious, Airy and Comfortable BUNGALOW, No. 139, on Malabar, now in the occupation of L. Asburner, Esquire, C. S. Rent moderate. Apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
28, Meadow Street. House Agent.

CAPTAIN BURTON'S
TONIC BITTERS.

USED with invariable benefit and STRONGLY RECOMMENDED by that Eminent Traveller,

Per Bottle—Rs. 2.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

SURGEON DENTIST,

No. 2, CORNBY ROW,

Opposite the New General Post Office.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

TIFFINS, 1-15 P.M., EIGHT ANNAS BILLIARDS, EIGHT ANNAS, 101, Day; Night, 12 Annas 101. MILITARY SQUARE, FORT, No. 11.

FOR SALE, a Second-hand 5 Horse Power VERTICAL BOILER. For particulars apply to the MANAGER *Bombay Gazette.*

WANTED, a EUROPEAN BANDMASTER. Applications with Testimonials to be addressed to BAND SECRETARY, 3rd Regim nt N. I., Kolhapore.

YOUNGER'S PALE ALE, in Casks of 3 dozen and 4 dozen quarts, Rs. 4-8 per dozen, at the Godowns of C. MACDONALD and Co.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the Undersigned:—

Excellent, Natural, Clean, Characteristic SHERRY, direct from Cadiz.

MANZANILLA, selected by our Mr. PALMER, in Quarter-Casks, including all duties, Rs. 240.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.
2, Dean Lane, Fort.

"STARS."

THESE now distinguish our various qualities of COGNAC. We ship a FINER and an OLDER BRANDY, than do our Trade brethren. We challenge competition.

Our "*In Bond*" Prices are:—

	CASH.	CREDIT.
* One Star	Rs. 15-4	Rs. 16-0
** Two Stars	„ 17-4	„ 18-0
*** Three Stars	„ 21-0	„ 22-0
**** Four Stars	„ 24-12	„ 26-0
CURIOUS AND RARE OLD, A SPECIALITY, BOTTLED AND SHIPPED IN 1861 (All charges included)	42-12	„ 45-0

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.
2, Dean Lane, Fort.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—The undermentioned Banks will be CLOSED on THURSDAY, the 28th instant, on account of the DASSARA HOLIDAY:—

For the Oriental Bank Corporation, D. D. CAIRNS, pro. Agent.

For the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, D. FINLAYSON, Agent.

For the Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, C. J. SHARP, Acting Agent.

For the Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, L. RENAUD, Manager.

For the National Bank of India, Limited, W. A. BAKER, Manager.

For the Agra Bank, Limited, W. BLACKHALL, Manager.

For the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, G. E. NOBLE, Agent.

Bombay, 5th September 1876.

TEETH! TEETH!! TEETH!!!

J. J. L. DAVIS, Surgeon Dentist from the Dental Hospital, inserts Mineral Teeth over the most sensitive gums and stumps without pain or inconvenience; in appearance quite equal to nature, while for mastication and articulation they cannot be equalled.

Extraction, stopping and scaling, Rs. 5.
Children's Teeth carefully regulated.

Fort: Address—Rampart Row, next to Messrs. Thompson Taylor & Co., Chemists and Druggists.
Consultations daily from 10 A.M. *to* P.M.

TENTS! TENTS!! TENTS!!!

SUPERIOR TENTS of all kinds and sizes, manufactured to order on the shortest notice. A large selection of ready made Tents, both new and second hand, new linened with carpets, chocas, and furniture, or without furniture, for sale and on hire at reasonable prices, and rates can be had on application to the Undersigned, from whom full particulars can be obtained. Inspection is invited.

ADUMJEE PEERBHOY,
Government Tent Contractor and Timber Merchant.
No. 4, Old Imma Sharr, Bhendy Bazaar, Bombay.

OVERLAND PARCEL EXPRESS,
INDIAN TRANSIT AND GENERAL FORWARDING AGENCY,
ESTABLISHED 1867.

OFFICES.—London, Liverpool, Dublin, New York, and Elphinstone Circle, opposite the Custom House, Bombay.

THIS AGENCY receives Parcels for delivery at any Post Town or District throughout Great Britain and Ireland, at an uniform rate of 8 Annas per pound, or fraction of a pound weight, up to 50 lbs., except Jewellery and other valuable articles.

This charge covers the conveyance from Bombay to London only, and may either be prepaid, or paid on delivery at destination.

Goods and Packages, via Canal Steamers, forwarded at Rs. 2 per cubic foot, to London or Liverpool, including Shipping, Agency, and other incidental charges.

Goods landed, cleared from the Custom House and forwarded to any part of India at moderate rates.

N. V. CURRANEE & Co.,
Agents.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

To be Incorporated under Act X. of 1860, by which the Liability of Shareholders is strictly limited to the actual amount of their Shares.

CAPITAL Rs. 5,00,000, IN 25,000 SHARES OF Rs. 20 EACH, FULLY PAID UP,
WITH POWER TO INCREASE.

The Shares to be issued from time to time as the business of the Association extends. The First Issue is limited to 5,000 Shares.

A MINIMUM DIVIDEND OF 10 PER CENT. PER ANNUM IS ANTICIPATED.

BANKERS:
THE BANK OF BOMBAY.
MANAGER:
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.
Offices: 9, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

This Association is for the purpose of making temporary loans to persons requiring them. Security will in all cases be required from borrowers and be most carefully investigated by the Directors and Manager, whose professional experience will enable them to judge of the value of the security offered.

As an Investment, the Shares of this Association will prove highly remunerative.

The Memorandum and Articles of Association can be seen upon application to the Manager.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR SHARES.

To The DIRECTORS of the

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

Gentlemen,

I hereby request that you will allocate me _____ Shares in the above Association, for which I enclose the Deposit of Rs. 20* per Share, amounting to Rs. _____ and I agree to accept such Shares or any less number, you may allot to me. I authorise you to insert my name on the Register of Shareholders after the Association has been registered.

Name in full _____
Residence _____
Profession _____
Post Town _____ *dated this* _____ *day of* _____ 1876.
† Signature _____

The above Form for Shares, when filled up, should be sent to the Manager,

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
9, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

* Remittances in every case must be made free of expense.
† Please to sign legibly.

Quotations for Cognacs of

MESSRS. BISQUIT, DUB

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, 21st SEPT., 1876.

BUSINESS re-opened this morning after the holidays with a very quiet feeling, and in most branches there has been very little stirring in the shape of fresh transactions. The Home advices certainly have not been of a character to induce any marked improvement. Piece Goods in Manchester continue dull at previous prices, and the Liverpool Cotton Market has been very dull throughout, the sales only reaching 8,000 bales a day, with prices partially 1/16d. lower. This dulness is the more noticeable, when the decidedly less favourable nature of the Washington Agricultural Bureau's report for August is considered. A month ago the Bureau reported the condition as a full average, while now they reduce their estimate to 92 per cent., a difference, which if believed in, might have been expected to affect prices. The information may have been discounted, however, as private reports from America for some time back have been decidedly against the crop, and in the meantime there are large supplies pressing on the Liverpool Market as compared with the demand engendered by the state of trade in Manchester.

But taking the more distant future, the prospects on the basis of the last Bureau report of the staple are certainly more in favour of higher than lower prices. Supplies for the next year are not likely to be equal to last, while we start with American 1¼d. and Surats ¼d. per lb. lower. The depressed state of trade generally is of course an adverse feature, but as things now are the chances are more in favour of an improvement than increased depression.

The American telegrams lately have shown a downward tendency in prices. In New York on Tuesday ready Mid. Uplands had declined to 11¼ cents, December shipment to the same figure. The Receipts at the American ports to date show the following comparisons :—

	1876	1875	1874
Four days' Receipts	31,000	22,300	22,000
Since 1st September	92,000	79,700	71,000

The London General Produce Markets have assumed a firmer appearance all round. Coffee has advanced to 111s. per cwt. for Mid. Plantation Ceylon. Bombay Linseed is unaltered at 51s. 6d., but Ferozepore Rapeseed has risen to 55s. per quarter. Ceylon Cocoanut Oil is 10s. Cochin £1 per ton higher.

Consols are steady at 95¾. French Rentes at 106¼. Respecting the London Market there is nothing new.

The weekly biddings for Council drafts on India took place in London yesterday. £350,000 was offered and the whole amount was allotted; £270,000 going to Calcutta, £10,000 to Madras and £70,000 to Bombay, all at an average of 1s. 7·77d.; tenders at 1s. 7¾d. on Calcutta and Madras receiving 99 per cent. and on Bombay in full. Reuter says that transfers by telegraph have been done at 1s. 7 13-16d, which, taken in conjunction with the average obtained, shows that the bulk of the Bills had been taken by mail and only a small amount by wire. The result gives an advance of ¼d. over last week, and taking the present position of the market into account, is certainly better than might have been expected.

Bar Silver in London has advanced from 51 5-16d. to 51 7-16d. per oz. owing probably to the enhanced rate obtained for Councils. It is still said to be scarce, but at the same time we learn from reliable sources that by to-day's P. and O. steamer from Southampton £750,000 has been shipped for the East. A large portion is said to be for China, but the requirements for the remainder of the season there are already pretty well provided for, as may be inferred from Exchange on London having begun to decline rapidly, and the destination of a great portion of the shipments therefore will probably be changed to India. A still more adverse feature is, that of the amount mentioned, £300,000 is reported to be a consignment to Calcutta by the German Government. If correct this is unquestionably likely to tell against the Rupee more than anything else, not so much from the amount shipped but from the probability that these shipments once recommenced are not likely to stop short at £300,000. The mere fact of the German Government adopting this means of disposing of their Silver shows that they have found it impossible to place any amount in London without destroying their own market which at once accounts for the comparative scarcity of the Metal in London and gives earnest of larger supplies to come. Just at the moment there is an active local demand for Silver, the Market having been pretty well cleared of surplus supplies by the recent demand for China, and to day's business has actually been done at Rs. 107-10 3 per 100 tolas or Re. 1·2·3 over the Mint rate; but this enquiry is only of a temporary character, and large shipments from England would not only satisfy it, but would at once begin to depress the exchangeable value of the Rupee.

STERLING EXCHANGE to-day, notwithstanding quiet advices from Calcutta and adverse intelligence from China, opened with an upward tendency, partially perhaps on the strength of the rates obtained for Council drafts, and in part owing to the usual firmness noticeable after long holidays. Only a very moderate amount of Private Paper has been offering, but there is no enquiry whatever for Bank Bills, and Bankers have accordingly been able to advance their drawing rates with impunity. We quote :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 7 13-16d.	per Rupee.
Do. 6 months' sight	1s. 8 1-16d.	"
Credits 3	1s. 7¾d.	"
Documents 6	1s. 7¾d. to 3-16d.	"

On Calcutta we have not heard of any business and we still quote nominally previous rates, say, 1-16 premium for demand; 9-16 per cent. discount for 60 days sight.

In GOVERNMENT PAPER there is nothing what ever doing. Nominally we call Fours, Rs. 101½; Fours-and-a-half, Rs. 101⅝; Fives and-a-half, Rs. 104¾.

The Bank of Bombay return for the week ending on the 19th instant has been issued to-day and shows the following changes :—

Government Balance at H. O.	Inc. Rs.	8,05,365
Do. do. Branches	Dec. "	3,89,929
Deposits	Dec. "	17,54,416
Government Securities	Dec. "	22,515
Loans	Dec. "	61,099
Bills Discounted	Dec. "	1,30,490
Cash with Correspondents	Inc. "	2,64,473
Cash and Currency Notes	Dec. "	4,40,240

These changes are of but slight importance, the only item of any moment being the reduction in Deposits which is of course accounted for by Withdrawls to provide for the holidays. No change is likely to be made in the rate of discount here, although we learn by wire from Calcutta to-day that the Bank of Bengal have raised their rates one per cent all round.

The SHARE MARKET re-opened with extreme quietness, very little business has been done, and prices, with few exceptions, show a downward tendency. Bank of Bombays have declined ¾ per cent. and Land Companies are nominally Rs. 10 to Rs. 15 per share lower all round. Spinning and Weaving Scrip is not nearly so much sought after as it was and the leading Companies are Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 per share lower. Press Companies are unchanged but there are no buyers.

COTTON continues very firm, and notwithstanding the quiet accounts from home, prices are no easier. The local Mills still continue steady buyers, especially of Dhollera descriptions, supplies of which are light and likely to continue so owing to the break on the B. B. & C. I. Railway.

FREIGHTS are quiet and unchanged. By the Europa (s.s.) engagements have been made for Cotton at £1 13 9 and by the Childwall Hall for Wheat at £1 10 for Liverpool. There is still no sailing ship on the berth.

PIECE GOODS are dull. Some little enquiry prevails for White Mulls and Jaconets at previous figures, but for Grey Goods the demand is slow and Shirtings are offered to-day at a reduction of fully one to two annas per piece from rates ruling before the holidays.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Number of Shares	Nom. Value p. sh.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Banks.	Cash Rates per Share.
	Rs.	p. a.			
100,000	100	all	50 p.c.	Agra Bank	110
40,000	500	all	10 do.	Bank of Bengal	710
30,000	500	all	10 p.c.	Bank of Bombay	715
12 000	500	all	8 do.	Bank of Madras.....	620
20,000	250	all	8 p.c.	Chartered Mercantile Bank. of L. & China	390
4 000	$ 125	all	8 p.c.	Hong. & Shanghai Bank .	335
40,000	100	all	5 p.c. & do.	Chartered Bank of India and China	175
27 220	200	125	6 p.c.	National Bank of India..	113
60,000	250	all	11 do.	Oriental Bank.....	5-5

PRESS COMPANIES.

12	5,000	2,500	150p.c.	Akbar Cotton Press Co..	1,25 xd.
20	2,000	1,10	50 do.	Albert Co., Kurrachee..	940
8	500	all	18 p.c.	Albert Ginning Co.....	660
75	2,75	2,2	85 p.c.	Apollo Press Co.....	960
170	1,00	a	60	Bellary	735 xd.
15	50	a	65 p.c.	Bezar Company (New)..	505
1,50	50	a	49 p.c.	Bed ya Press Co..	350
40	250	al	10 p.c.	Broach Cotton Co.....	90
1,0	1,00	al	75 p.c.	Carwar Co.....	900
10	250	al	10 p.c.	Chowadie Press Co.....	15
8	1,88	al	170 p.c.	Colaba Press Co.....	400
80	200	all	150 p.c.	Dholera P. & G. Co	175
88	1,00	all	100 p.c.	East India Press Co....	960
125	5,50	3,250	125	Fort Press Co.....	1,600
20	500	all	35 ..	French Press Co.....	400
1,150	1,000	1,000	100 p.c.	Imperial Press Co.....	610
3,138	400	350	45 p.	Kotoosji Press & Ginning Co.....	325
900	4,000	all	...	Nowroji Press Manufacturing Co., LL.	1,175
120	...	500	250 p.	Prince of W. Press	700
60	500	al. 50	p.a.	Ramoodi's Press Co.....	310 xd.
40	850	75	6 p.c.	Rande Press Co.....	430
1	1,00	925	175 p.	Sinde & Punjab Cotton Press Co., Limited....	1,175
1	50	all	12 p.c.	Victoria Cotton Gin and Press Co	600xl
65	1,00	.	125p.	Walkat's United Press Co.	850

* Per share for the year.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE SHIP CORA, 1,430 tons, Captain R. H. Coombs, will sail to-day for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

THE S. S. GORUN, 162 tons, Captain G. J. Baker, sailed yesterday for Coast and Cutch, with a general cargo, one hundred and nineteen deck passengers.

THE SHIP ROYAL DIADEM, 475 tons, Captain W. Dennis, arrived in harbour yesterday from Mauritius (August 30th), with a cargo of 6,333 bags sugar. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's. s.s. AFRICA, 1317 tons, Captain C. C. D. Hutchesou, sailed yesterday for Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—For Boypore.—Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Walker and Miss Walker. For different ports.—Twenty-one deck passengers.

ARRIVAL.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
21	Royal Diadem	Dennis	Mauritius, Aug 30.

DEPARTURES.

Sept.	Vessels.	Commanders	Destination.
21	Bessie H.	McMann	Lyon Rigic.
	Cora	Coombs	Calcutt.
	Gorun (s)	Baker	Coast and Cutch.
	Africa (s)	Hutcheon ...	Coast and Calcutta.

The following vessels were entered out for loading yesterday :—Steamer Lombardy, to China, &c.
Steamer Pehlwan, Coast and Carwar.

CALCUTTA.

Sept.	ARRIVALS.	
17	Cawdor Castle (s) ...	Greig .....London, Aug 12.
	Florence Tread	Short ..... Bombay, Sept 1.
Sept.	DEPARTURES.	
17	Baghdad (s).....	... ...
	Mahratta (s)	... ...

MADRAS.

Sept.	ARRIVAL.	
18	Martha Jackson.....	..... Masulipatam.
Sept.	DEPARTURES.	
18	Inverdruie.....	..... Cocanada.
19	Airlie	..... Calcutta.

DAILY IMPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 21.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Trinacria s—37 bundles gas tubes, Suruffally Mahamedally.]
Vixen s—12 cases lanterns, Rogers and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Rajpoot—20 cases geneva, Jemsetjee Nowrojee.
Lombardy s—5 c ases soap, 1 case drugs and 1 case hardware, D S Kemp and Co.
Galatea s—13 cases champagne and 5 cases brandy, Scott, Latimere and Co.

FROM BRINDISI.

Tanjore s—3 cases satin brocades, Merwanjee and Co.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Faune—100 cases brandy, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons.

DAILY EXPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 21.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Europa s—225 cwts coir yarn, Veerjee Vulubdas ; 60 bales wool, Madhawdas Hurakchund ; 40 bales wool, Shamjee V erjee ; 24 bales wool, Volkart Brothers ; 50 bales cotton Heerachund Godalchund ; 25 bales cotton, Khoshall Horridas ; 14 ales cotton Feraz Champsy ; 30 bales cotton, Vulubdas Manchund ; 89 bales cotton, Moosajee Khanbhoy ; 4 bales rags, Shamjee Narrunjee and Co ; 733 bags wheat, Stearne Hobart and Co ; 490 b gs wheat, Jeevraj Bewnarayenjee ; 1334 cwts coir yarn, Curumsee Khetsee and Co ; 20 cwts deer horns, Fuckeer Mooed Moo j e ; 256 cwts coir yarn, Mahadevjee Ghella ; 15 cwts cotton seed, Essack Josuph ; 01 cwts wheat, Mackin sy, Simpson and Co.
Childwall Hall s—6,000 wts wheat, Finlay, Scott and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Khedive s—1674 cwts mustared seed and 4½ cwts rum, Vizbhookundass mroolall ; 12 bales skins P M S Mound and Co ; 5 bales skins Dhanjee Vulla ; 32 cwts poppy seed, Alla Cupchetty ; 24 packages cloves, Hajee Mamed Hajee Esmail ; 8 cases aniseed stat D Pudumar ; 3 cases false mon Dh unas Gopaldass ; 15 d alls coir ya n, McCulloch, Reyts and Co ; 3 cases shawls, Bungilall Jeewanlanth ; 1 box gold bars and coi s, Morarjee Mooljee ; 13 pices and 1 bun le E teeth, Askera Khengar ; 6 bundles E teeth, Surrif Durvesh ; 11 packages cloves and 5½ cwts move teeth, Currimbhoy Ebrahimbhoy ; 3 boxes gold coins, The C M Bank of I L and China ; 24½ cwts E teeth, Dattoobhoy Dasse ; 4 bales hides, Dawoodbhoy Momed ; 50 pieces E teeth, Jairam Damoder ; 138 pieces E teeth, Currimbhoy Alloobhoy.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Sumatra s—1 bundle hides Volkart Brothers ; 92½ cwts rapeseed, Ralli Brothers ; 740 packets teel seed, 1,110 cwts wheat, and 2,173 bags linseed, Finlay, Scott and Co.
Venetia s—4,018 cwts linseed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR VENICE.

Venetia s—500 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers ; 400 bales cotton, Viney and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Calipso s—100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 8 bales cotton, Ewart Latham and Co ; 700 bales cotton, W Nicol and Co ; 7 cases cigars, Stearn, Hobart and Co.
Venetia s—4 bales cotton, G Escorpe and Co.

FOR SUEZ.

Khedive s—2 boxes silver coins, Hajee Hanal Abedeen.

FOR GENOA.

Sumatra s—100 bales cotton, Viney and Co.

FOR HONKONG.

Lombardy s—37 bales cotton, Finlay Scott and Co.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS,

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

BOMBAY, 20th September 1876.

Means or observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah	29·673
Temperature of the Air.....	81·0
Wet Bulb Thermometer.....	76 9
Dew Point	75·4
Relative humidity of Air	83?
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8).	4 6
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 p.m)	84 8
Minimum do. do. (read at 9-30 a. m.)....	77 0
General Direction of wind ...WSW, SW, WSW, W, WNW, W.	
Movement of wind in 24 hours.....	245
Fall of Rain	0·04 inches.
Total fall during the month	8 96 "
" year	49 31 "
Additional fall up to 10 a.m. of the 21st	0·15 "

HIGH COURT.—22ND SEPTEMBER.

(Before the Honourable MR. JUSTICE BAYLEY.)

For Investigation under Sec 305 of Act VIII of 1859.

In person—Begum Sab vs Shaboodin Shaik Cosman N.

LONG CAUSE.

281-74—Jefferson and Payne—Ralli Brothers vs Walljee Canjee and others—Janardhun and Ghandhibhoy and others—Part heard.

(Before the Honourable MR. JUSTICE GREEN.)

Ecclesiastical Side.

In the Goods, Chattles, Rights and Credits of Premabai, *alias* Lalcwa, widow of Lowjee Cooke, deceased—Khundrao Morojee—Curondess Runchordass, vs Narrandass Premjee Cavistor and others—Chalk and Turner—Part heard.

Admiralty Suit.

1-76—Rimington, Hore and Langley—Merwanjee Nusserwanjee and others vs Canjee Bharjee and others—Lynch and Tobin—Part heard.

LONG CAUSES.

43-74—Hearn and C—Sittabai, widow vs Wittoba Pandoorang and others—Shapoorjee & T.
418-75—Shamrow P— Henry Gamble vs Pandrinath Ramchunder and others—Tyabjee and syani
266-75—Khunderow N—Manocklal Atmaram vs Godawarebai —Prescot and Winter.
109-68—Ardeser Framjee—Goolbai wife of A. Dhunjeebhoy vs Curse jee Nusserwanjee Cama—J C Cama.
251-76—Rustom ton, H and L—Andoola bin Balloomeya vs Bai Sharifabebee, widow—M H Khan.

(Before the Honourable MR. JUSTICE PINHEY.)

LONG CAUSES.

150-76—Rimington, Hore and Langley—Arut Kirpall vs Daya Dhurjee—Janardhun and Ghandhibhoy—Part heard.
276-76—Rimington, Hore and Langley—Surmoodeen Soolianally vs Rahimbhoy Allabhoy—Crawford and Bosvy.
82-76—Rimington, Hore and Langley—Daya Sunda and others vs Sarbai, widow, and others
98-76—Mul ce and Bomanjee—Burjorjee Dorabjee and another vs George W Terry—Mr Hearn.
208-76—Tyabjee and Seyani—Gungaram Hanmantz m vs Radabeew Sukheram and others—Jefferson and Payne and Prescot and Winter.
190-76—Rimington Hore and Langley—Elias Britto Periera vs Robert Brown and another—Janardhun and G and Mr Shippey.
375-76—Prescot and Winter—J A Baumbach and others vs H N Hughes and another—Rimington, Hore and Langley.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—SEPTEMBER 19.

Dixon, Major, Bengal 14th Regt, on Med Cert, from Banares.

SEPTEMBER 20.

Reilly, Lieut, Bombay Commissariat Dept, from leave, from Dehra.
Inglis, Surg Genl, Bombay Med Dept, on leave, from Poona.

DEPARTURES—SEPTEMBER 21.

Reilly, Lieut, Bombay Commissariat Dept, to, join to Baroda.
Shaw, Lieut, Bengal The Royals tott, to join, to Mecan Meer.
Perdue, Capt, Madras 2nd Light Cavalry, to rejoin, to Kamptee.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Adjutant General's Office, Head Quarters,

Poona, 20th September 1876.

The C-in-C is pleased to make the following appointments :—
16th Regt, Lieut and Brevet Capt W S Welch, 2nd Wing Sub. to officiate as 1st Wing Subn. vice Capt Madden, Offg Gr Mr 26th N I.
Lt W C Aslett, 108th Foot, a candidate for the S C, to officiate as 2nd Wing Subn on probation, vice Lt Welch.
The undermentioned officer has passed through a course of Garrison Instruction in England :—
Lt C F Baugh, Staff Corps.
The undermentioned Officers have leave of absence :—
1st Foot (2nd battalion)—Lieut W S Baker, to England, via Suez Canal, 28m date of embarkation, to appear before a medical board.
2nd Foot (1st Battalion)—Lieut R Fulton, in extension, to remain at Kussowlie, from 27th Sept 1876 for one moth, on medical certificate.
1st Sind Horse—Lieut G F Francis, offg 2nd Squadron Subn, to Bombay, from date of departure, for six months, to study the native language.
Erratum—In G O C No 552 of 13th inst, for "Veterinary Surgn G D Whitfield" read "Veterinary Surgn G D Whitfield."

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

BY THE HONOURABLE THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, September 21.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Capt H G Waterfield, BI S C, is allowed to proceed to Europe, on medical certificate, under the Furlough Regulations of 1868, in anticipation of the furlough which will be granted to him by the Govt of his own Presidency.
Surgn T E L Bate, BI Medl Estabt, is allowed to proceed to Europe, on medical certificate, under the Furlough Regulations of 1868, in anticipation of the furlough which will be granted to him by the Govt of his own Presidency.
Surgn-Maj W A Smith, M D, Mad Medl Estabt, is allowed to embark to Europe, on urgent private affairs, under the Furlough Regulations of 1868, in anticipation of the furlough which will be granted to him by the Govt of his own Presidency.
Depy Surgn-Genl Stewart assumed charge of the office of Surgn Genl, British Forces, in this Presidency on the 12th inst, until further orders.
H E the Govr in Council is pleased to direct that whenever, in cases of absolute necessity, and under the orders of the Brdr-Genl Comdg at Aden, public carriage is supplied by the Commissariat Dept at that station for private purposes, 30 per cent in excess of the prevailing bazaar rates be charged for the use of the same, except when the amount under this rule is less than the rate laid down in G G O No 1033 of 1857, when the latter should be levied.
The following reversions in the Ordnance Dept are ordered, same question from the 12th inst from furlough to Europe, on the 5th Sept 1876, of Conductor Thomas Courteney :—
Acty Conductor Samuel Sparrow to revert to Sub-Conductor and Acty Sub-Conductor James Allen to Magazine Serjt.
The undermentioned Officer, having completed twenty years' service, six of which have been in the S C, to be Maj from the date specified, subject to H M's approval :—
S C—Capt (Bt Maj) William Gordon Trevor, 10th Sept 1876.
The undermentioned Officer, having completed twel e years' service, four of which have been in the S C, to be Capt from the date specified, subject to H M's approval :—
S C—Lt Lewis Forbes Heath, 9th Sept 1876
Maj F J Smith, B E, Supt of Work, Eastern and We tern India, is allowed furlough to Europe for one year and ninety-five days, under Rule IX of the Furlough Regulations of 1868.
Lt G B E Radcliffe, S C, is appointed to act as Sub-Asst Comsy Genl, second class, from the 27th April last, until he is nominated as a Probationer to complete the Estb.
Capt A Fisbe, BI S C, is allowed to proceed to Europe, on medical certificate, under the Furlough Regulations of 1868, in anticipation of the furlough which will be granted to him by the Govt of his own Presidency.
Capt J H Preedergast, Mad S C, is allowed to proceed to Europe, on medical certificate, under the Furlough Regulations of 186-, in anticipation of the furlough which will be granted to him by the G vt of his own Presidency.
Maj J Jas b, Offg Chapty Judge Advocate, M D A, is appointed to the charge of the Mily Treasure Chest at Mhow.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

The Hon Mr Justice J P Green, Judge of H M's High Court of Judicature, Bombay, is allowed privilege leave of absence for two months from 11th Nov next.
Under Sect 40 of Act X of 1872 H E in Council is pleased to appoint Mr Shewan to be Mag in charge of the Tasgaon Division of the Satara Dist, comprising the talukas of Walwa and Tasgaon.
Bhalidino Haji Gul Mahammad, late Head Munshi of Jati, in the Kurrachee D strict, having been convicted of taking a bribe, is dismissed from the Govt service, and declared disqualified for re-employment.
Mr Madhavsobram Balvachram to be second class, third grade, Subordinate Judge at Kaapdvanj, in the Ahmedabad Dist, vice Rao Saheb Jagannath Dayabhai, deceased.
Mr E Hosking delivered over charge of the Office of Asst Judge and Sessions Judge at Tanna on the 11th inst, after office hours.
Mr J Macpherson, Clerk of the Crown, and Capt W P Walshe, Supt of the House of Correction and Govr of the Govt Workhouse have been permitted by H M's Secy of state for India to return to duty within the periods of their leave.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—
Mr A H Spry to act as Collr and Mag of the Dist of Kaladgi until further orders.
Mr C G Bisbee, C S, to act as First Asst Collr of Ahmednagar until further orders.
Mr W H Horsley to act as First Asst Collr of Khandesh untill further orders.
Mr T H Stewart, Acting Collr and Mag of the Dist of Kaladgi is allowed subsidiary leave not exceeding thirty days, preparatory to his obtaining a final pension certificate to proceed to Europe, under Sec 18 (a) of the Civil Leave Code, Second Edition.
Mr F R Deesi, Asst Consr of Forests, Sind, is promoted from the Second to the first grade.
Mr A Dalzel Asst Supt, Guzerat Revenue Survey, is allowed fifteen days' extension of the previlege leave of absence granted him for one month by the Survey and Settlement Comr, Northern Divn.
Mr W E Waite, City Survey and Enquiry Officer, Ahmedabad, is allowed privilge leave of absence for one month and four days.
Mr H T Ommanney acted as First Asst Collr of Khandesh from 3rd to 27th Aug 1876, both days inclusive.
Mr W W Leach to act as First Asst Collr of Broach during the absence of Mr A C Trevor, or until further orders.
The privilege leave of absence for three months granted by the Comr in Sind to Mr S N Tyrwhitt, First Class Supr Collr and Mag in Sind, has been converted into furlough for nine months, on medical certificate, under Sec 10 (a) of the Civil Leave Code, Second Edition ; and he is also allowed subsidiary leave from the date he made over charge of his Office, viz, the 7th May 1876, to the date of embarkation, under Rule 5 Sec 25 of the same Code.
Mr C Greathead, Asst Consr of Forests, Sind, is promoted from the third to the Second grade.
Mr G H D Wilson acted as Collr and Mag of the Dist of Kaira from 1st to 16th Aug 1876, both days inclusive.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

With reference to Govt Notification (page 384 of the "Govt Gazette" dated the 27th April 1876, Part I,) dated the 26th April 1876, Surgn Colson, Civil Surgn Satara, has been allowed privilege leave on full salary for two months and two days, viz, from 11th April to 12th May 1876, both days inclusive.
The services of Surgn J F Keith are placed at the disposal of H E Sir—
The Hon E W Ravenscroft, C S I, and Mr F S Chaman respectively delivered over and received charge of the Office of Chief Secy to Govt and Secy to Govt in the Revenue, Financial and Genl Depts, having returned to the Presidency on the 12th inst from England, the unexpired portion of the fur ough for 18 months, granted to him from 8th March 1875, is cancelled. Mr Chapman is allowed subsidiary leave from the 12th to the 13th inst.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Messrs H N B Erskine, Senior Collr and Mag of the Dist of Nasik, and G G Turner, Superintendent Asst Collr, Surat, have been permitted by the Secy of State for India to return to their duties within the periods of their leave.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Lt H D Olivier, R E, received charge of the Office of the Ex Engr, Ahmedabad, from Capt G M Cruickshank, R E, on the afternoon of the 20th Aug 1876.
Lt M H Goldie, R E, received charge of the Office of the Ex Engr, Ahmedabad, from Lt H D Olivier, R E, on the forenoon of the 1st Sept 1876.
Capt W Osborn, R E, received charge of the office of the Ex Engr, Jacobabad, from Mr J A Coghlan on the afternoon of the 14th Aug 1876.
Mr W H Scott, Asst Engr, first grade, passed creditably, on the 1st Sept 1876, an examination in the Marathi language, according to the test prescribed in the P W Code, Chapter D.
H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments in succession to Lt-Col W W Goodfellow, C B, R E, proceeding on Furlough :—
Mr J H E Hart to act as Supdg Engr in Sind and Suptdg Engr, third grade.
Capt J D Cruickshank, R E, to act as Ex Engr, Lower and Central Sind.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr G W Forrest resumed charge of his duties as Head Master, Surat High School, on the 1st inst, before noon.
Mr Khanderao Lakshman Bal, B A, is appointed substantive "pro tem" Depy Educational Inspr, Gujarati Schools, Bombay, during Mr G K Parekh's absence on leave, or until further orders.
Mr Naro B Deodhur and Rao Saheb Vishnu Balkri-hna Sohoni respectively delivered over and received charge of the Office of Depy Educational Inspr, Khandesh, on the 30th ultimo, before office hours.
Mr E Giles and Rao Saheb V B Sohoni respectively delivered over and received charge of the Office of Educational Inspr, N-E Divn, on the 12th inst, after office hours.

OVERLAND SUMMARY OF THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

Compiled for despatch by to-day's Mail.

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

LIST OF CONTENTS.

MAILS AND PASSENGERS FROM AND TO BOMBAY.
HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE.
GENERAL SUMMARY.
A Mahomedan Barrister defending the "World's" Slanders against the Anglo-Indian Community.
The New Sailors' Home.
The "World" on Anglo-Indian Society.
Reasons Why the Old Indi n Custom of Punchayets Might be Restored.
A Characteristic Indian Murder.
Official News Report from Aden.
Disturbances in Medina.
The Secretary of State's Drafts on India.
Fall of Rain in Bombay.
GENERAL NEWS—
Bombay and Bombay Presidency.
Sir Charles and Lady Staveley's Calico Fancy Ball at Poona.
Twelfth Wet Day Reminiscence :—A Genteel Tragedy.
A Short "Apologia" in Reply to Mr. Macpherson and "Cantab."
Mr. Wordsworth and Dean Mansel.
Dean Man el.
Dean Mansel's Thesis About a Creative First Cause.
The Wordsworth Contr versy.
Dreams and Realities ; or, Rip Van Winkle in the Character of a Critic.
Dean Mansel.
Christian Missions in India not a Failure.
A Few More Last Words.
The Prospects of Christian Mission Work in India—II.
The North vs. South Cricket Match.
The Guzerattee Press.
Y sitvities at Jeypore.
Reflections on a Ramble on the Ghats.
Homeward Voyages of the I dian Troopships.
Trade Occurrences at Khandwa.
The Death of Mr C M I P. Bock.
Anjuman-I-Islam.
The Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants in India.
The Murder of Native Children for the Sake of their Ornaments.
Cricket at Poona.
The Deccan Flower Show, 1876.
Th Deccan Dog Show.
Bengal and Central Provinces.
Madras.
N. W. Provinces, Punjaub, and Oudh.
INDIAN NEWS-LETTERS—
Secunderabad.
Dharwar.
TOPICS OF THE TIMES—
The Dress of Europeans in India.
Indian Snake.
OFFICIAL GAZETTES—
Bombay Army Orders—Bombay Government Orders—Government of India Orders—Bengal Government Orders—Madras Government Orders—Orders by the Commander-in-Chief in India—North-Western Provinces Orders—Central Provinces Orders—Punjab Governme t Orders.
COMMERCIAL—
Bombay Market Report—Bombay Bill and Stock List—Bank —Exchange—Prices of Bullion, &c—Government Securities—Returns of the Bank of Bombay, Bank of Bengal G. I. P. and B. B. & C. I. Railways—Bombay Price Current.
SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE—
Ports in Sight.
Vessels in Bombay Harbour.
Ships and Steamers expected from Home and Out-Ports.
Arrivals and Departures.
DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES—
Births, Marriages, and Deaths.

With the Indian Edition there is a Supplement containing :—
Latest Telegrams.
English Political and Social Letter.
English Commercial Letter.
Turkish Affairs.
Heads of Intelligence.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

WE beg to remind correspondents that they can always telegraph news to us at the Press rate of one rupee for twenty-four words, the address being allowed free. Subscribers themselves can do much to make their newspaper interesting, and we shall be glad if they will take the trouble of sending us a telegram when they hear of any important or interesting intelligence. Of course we shall defray expenses.

MR. E. M. WALTON,
SURGEON DENTIST,
12, RAMPART ROW.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BIRTHS.

DUNCAN—September 14th, at Rawal Pindi, the wife of Dr. J. Duncan, Surgeon-Major, 11th Regiment B. I., of a daughter.
FYFE—September 17th, at No. 20, Cornwallis Square, Calcutta, the wife of W. Crichton Fyfe, of a son.
IRVING—September 11th, at Rasikhet, the wife of Lewis A. Irving, Surgeon, Army Medical Department, of a daughter.
O'FLAHERTY—September 17th, at 9, Russell Street, the wife of —. O'Flaherty, Esq., of a daughter.
SKIPTON—September 18th, at Narainghpur, C. P., the wife of D. P. Skipton, Civil Surgeon, of a daughter.

DEATH.

QUARRY—September 16th, at Monuferpore, Tirhoot, William Quarry, Esq., Civil Engineer.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittance sent to this office, should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1876.

THE *World's* article upon Anglo-Indian Society has been characterised as a piece of "full-flavoured ruffianism," and we have already felt it necessary to protest against the ignorance and abuse which one of the leading English newspapers has poured forth upon official Europeans in this country. The mischievousness and malice of the *World's* effusion were apparent from the writer's attempt to make the English public believe in native grievances which, alike from the social and religious habits of the people concerned, could never exist. The *World* complained that the Maharaja of Vizianagram, whom it eulogises as a "capital billiard player," cannot find admission into a Bombay billiard-room. Now, we do not think that the Maharaja of Vizianagram has ever been in Bombay in his life-time; and if he did come here, we might rest assured that a native gentleman of his turn of mind and dignity of character would never dream of entering a public billiard-room either to play billiards himself or to see others play. If, however, he did wish to enter a public billiard-room we are not aware that anybody would seek to prevent him; for although hotels which choose to deal only with Europeans object, as a rule, to entertain natives on their premises, they would certainly stretch a point or two in favour of a gentleman of the acknowledged high position and character of the Maharaja. The writer in the *World* also complained that even Sir Salar Jung would not be able to take a glass of wine at the bar on the Apollo Bunder. We daresay—for we have ere this seen distinguished native gentlemen in the Apollo Bunder Refreshment Rooms—that if Sir Salar wanted to do anything so preposterous he could do so; the bar-keeper might certainly open his eyes a little wider than usual at such an extraordinary spectacle, but we do not think he would so far lose that presence of mind which has its seat in the pocket as to object to pour out the wine for the distinguished Minister of Hyderabad. We pointed out the ignorance displayed by the *World* in conjuring up certain impossible events, as proofs of the pride and heaven alone knows what not of the race of Anglo-Indians; and all we wonder at is that it did not lead the writer to complain bitterly that Sir Madhava Rao and the Nizam dare not eat porkchops in a public European restaurant, nor the Maharaja Scindia, followed by a picturesque crowd of Mahratta troopers, ride into St. Thomas' Cathedral on Sundays and insist upon doing *pooja* alongside of the assembled European worshippers. We should certainly have thought that the ignorance, falsity, malice, and bad taste displayed in the *World's* article would not readily find a champion even among the native community; but we were wrong in our calculations, and the manner in which we have been disappointed speaks volumes with respect to the causes that help to separate Europeans and natives. Had the *World* been championed by some evil-tongued fakeer, or by some villainous specimen of the native press; had it been praised by some gushing and unthinking undergraduate who flatters himself he has imbibed the advanced views of his collegiate preceptors; had it been received with applause in Anglo-Indian kitchens, where the cooks, the butlers, and the coachmen are fond of

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS FOR THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

POONA RACES.

POONA, 21st September.

WALER STEEPLE CHASE.

Artaxerses..... 1

ARAB STEEPLE CHASE.

Jack 1
Moll Brooke 2

DAJISON PURSE.

Crossbee 1

Time—3m. 5s.

WALER HANDICAP.

Oliver Twist..... 1

Time—1m. 51s.

ARAB HANDICAP.

Crossbee..... 1

Time—1m. 59s.

The weather was fine and the flat racing good. The Steeple Chase was very poor.

An objection lodged against Jack is not yet decided.

ATTACK ON MAIMENAH.

LAHORE, 21st Sept.

Sirdar Secunderkhan, ex-Governor of Herat, has attacked Maimenah, but has been repulsed. The Amir of Bokhara advised the Amir of Cabul to seize Kirshe on the Oxus. The Governor of Turkistan has been deputed to perform the operation.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

SIMLA FINE ARTS EXHIBITION.

SIMLA, 20th Sept.

The Fine Arts Exhibition was opened this afternoon by the Viceroy. There was a large attendance. Lord Lytton and the Hon. Mr. Hobhouse addressed the assembly at considerable length.

The Viceroy's prize was awarded to Colonel Baigree. The Vice-President's prize to Colonel Colley. The Commander-in-Chief's prize to Major Tanner. The Lady Amateurs' prize to Mrs. Whymper. The Society's first prize to Mrs. Gillespie.

The collection is very good, but not equal to former Exhibitions.

THE AMENDED CIVIL PROCEDURE CODE.

SIMLA, 21st Sept.

There was a long and protracted discussion in the Legislative Council to-day, lasting nearly four hours, on the presentation by the Hon. Mr. Hobhouse of the further report of the Select Committee on the Bill to consolidate and amend the laws relating to procedure in Civil and Judicature Courts. The Hon. Mr. Bayley presented the Select Committee's report on the Stage Carriages Act, after which the Council adjourned till the 4th proximo.

THE EARL OF BEACONSFIELD ON THE EASTERN QUESTION.

LONDON, 21st Sept.

In an address delivered to his former constituents at Aylesbury yesterday, the Earl of Beaconsfield said that people had arrived at a conclusion which was injurious to England's interests and fatal to plans entertained for the maintenance of peace. His Lordship said, to expel the Turks from Europe was impossible; that Lord Derby was now seeking to settle the relations between the Porte and its Christian subjects, and in so doing enjoys the cordial support of the other Great Powers, especially of Russia.

THE GREAT POWERS.

The Great Powers demand an armistice for one month.

THE EARL OF BEACONSFIELD.

Failing health has prompted the close of the late Prime Minister's career, but Earl Beaconsfield has been dissuaded from resigning his seat in the Ministry by Her Majesty the Queen as well as by his colleagues in office.

PRINCE MILAN AND THE KINGDOM OF SERVIA.

BELGRADE, 21st Sept.

Prince Milan has declined the dignity of the Kingdom of Servia.

LONDON, 20th Sept.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed dull. Surats dull.

The London Cotton Market has been dull.

Fair Dhollera ..... 4¼d.

The Manchester Market has been dull.

3 per cent. Consols for account 95⅞

5 per cent. French Rente, 1872 .... 106½

Bar Silver 51 7/16

Arrival—Iona and Persia.

LINE REPORTS.—21st September.

Cable right to Fao. Turkish line right to Fera. Persian line right to London.

WEATHER REPORTS.—21st September.

(MADRAS TIMES.)

Cuddalore, 5 P.M.—Weather fine, wind N. W., thermometer 81, barometer 29·19.

Caddalore, 5 P.M.—Weather cloudy, wind calm, S. W., thermometer 79, barometer 29·98.

Bangalore, 10 A.M.—Weather fine, wind N. W., N. W., thermometer 80.

Tuticorin, 5 P.M.—Weather clear, wind W. S. W. thermometer 85. Fall of rain 11 cents.

Vingorla, 5 P.M.—Weather fair, wind E. moderate, thermometer 86, barometer 29·87.

We understand that Mr. Glover has obtained an important contract, valued at seven lakhs, for the excavation of a portion of the land required for the Prince's Dock. It was at first supposed that this land would require to be dredged away, but in consequence of the fortunate fact that it has consolidated, excavation has been decided upon. The result of this work will be that a vast quantity of earth will be set free for reclamations on Moody Bay, and that the Dock will be opened two years earlier than was at first expected—that is to say, it will probably be ready for use early in 1879.

This year's golf tournament at Poona has been very interesting, honours falling pretty equally between the Poona and Bombay competing teams. The Poona medal was won by Mr. Moultrie, of the Bank of Bengal, Bombay, and the Bombay medal by Dr. Davidson, of Poona. Mr. Cornwall was very close upon Mr. Moultrie in the scoring.

The latest telegram in the Madras papers about the Bangalore Rifle Meeting is dated the 18th September, and states that the Championship was won by Corporal Watson, 45th Regiment, Private Flaxman second, and Serjeant Davies, Bangalore Volunteers, third. The Consolation Stakes was won by Volunteer Taylor, of the Bangalore Volunteers. The Shikaree Stakes by Captain Williamson.

The Raja of Mandi, who arrived at Simla on Saturday last under a salute of eleven guns, possesses, the Simla paper tells us, in his territories a site for a hill station far superior to the much praised Ranikhet. A high grass plain with a lake, trees and abundant running water, the height of Simla above the sea, and more accessible from the plains.

With reference to a letter from the Director of Public Instruction, dated 2nd September 1876, submitting the annual report on the Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy School of Art, the Government have passed the following Resolution:—"This report exhibits a progressive improvement in the several branches of the School of Art, which is highly creditable to the supervision exercised over it by Mr. Terry."

The *Civil and Military Gazette* reports that Nawab Sir Faiz Ali Khan Bahadur, K.C.S.I., has arrived at Simla. The object of his mission is said to be to remove certain unfavourable impressions which have been formed by the Government of India, in regard to acts of cruelty and oppression which are reported to have lately occurred in the Jaipore State.

We learn from the *Punjab Courier* that Wazir Gholam Jilani, late Prime Minister of the Kapurthalla State, who was recently convicted of abduction, and was banished the State, has been directed to reside either at Allahabad or Benares. For his past eminent services to that State, he will be allowed a monthly pension of Rs. 150, contingent on his totally refraining from any interference with Kapurthalla affairs. He has also been directed to sell at as early a day as possible all his landed property in that State.

A very important question, the Calcutta *Daily News* says, having been raised as to which department the cost of the photographs of the steam launch and the State Barge of the Viceroy, and of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal taken for the use of the Prince of Wales during His Royal Highness's stay in India, should be properly debited. It has at length been decided departmentally that, as the expenditure is a contingent charge of the "Horse Marines" of the Dock Yard, the Military Department should bear the cost.

The P. and O. Co's s. s. Tanjore, which arrived in harbour on the 19th instant with the English Mails of the 1st September, brought 97 boxes bar silver, valued at Rs. 2,35,000, from London. The same Co.'s s. s. Khedive, which will sail to-day with the English Mails, takes out one box gold coins valued at Rs. 1,15,000 for London, despatched by Mr. Morarjee Mooljee; three boxes gold coins, valued at Rs. 1,75,000, for London, despatched by the C. M. Bank of I. L. and China; and one box silver coins, valued at Rs. 5,000, for Suez.

The friends of the late Major-General Tombs in this country—and they must be numerous—will be glad to hear that a memorial canopy has been placed by the officers of the Royal Artillery over the font in St. George's Garrison Church, which is dedicated to the memory of Major-General Tombs, and bears the following inscription:—"To the glory of God, and in memory of that most distinguished officer, Major General Sir H. Tombs, K.C.B., V.C., Royal (late Bengal) Artillery, born 10th November, 1824; died 2nd August, 1874, this font-cover is placed by friends and brother officers."

The south-west monsoon in the Kurnool district has proved a complete failure. The tanks are quite dry, the crops have been lost, and there is reason to fear the later crops will share a similar fate. The price of food is in consequence rising daily. Things are beginning to look very ugly also in the Cuddapah district. The rain persistently holds off, and the dry crops which have been in the ground for more than ten weeks are almost all past hopes. The *Madras Mail* reports that it is the same in the neighbouring districts of Mysore. The year all over India seems to be a bad one.

We learn from the Simla paper that the Ball given by His Highness the Maharaja of Bhurtpore at the Assembly Rooms on Friday night last was a complete and brilliant success. Upwards of three hundred guests were present and dancing was kept up until almost daylight. His Excellency the Viceroy arrived about half past ten and was received by the Maharaja and Captain Ridgeway, the Political Agent. His Excellency at supper after proposing the health of the Queen, proposed that of the Maharaja which was drank with full honours. There have been few balls at Simla so perfectly managed as that of Friday night. The decorations of the rooms were in exceeding good taste, the dancers found the floor all they could desire, the supper provided by Signor Peliti was ample and excellent, and the attendance good. Indeed all that can be said of the affair must be in the tone of praise thanks to the energy and care displayed by Captain Ridgeway and the Committee.

A correspondent, who was in Ootacamund recently, remarks in a letter to the *Madras Mail* that "any one who wishes to reduce the Indian expenditures should make a stay at Ooty during the time the Government are there. All play and no work make the Government Jack a very expensive luxury. The amount of picnicing and climatic enjoyment is surprising. The Under-Secretaries particularly seem to have precious little to do. Picnics three times a week, and badminton parties, beginning at ½ past 3 or 4 in the afternoon for the other three days, sketching parties, and theatricals, are the order of the day. If Mr. Fawcett could see these things with his own eyes, he would doubtless soon make short work of His Grace the Governor and his Councillors. Such a cumbrous and costly Administration is certainly out of place in the present day, when all the details regarding the Presidency are working in fixed grooves, and there are no 'burning questions' over which such a Government need exercise their ingenuity."

There has been of late a controversy as to the amount of wages earned by bootmakers in the factories round Melbourne, Victoria, which has attracted considerable interest in the colony. It was stated by one of the Melbourne papers that a man with the associations of a boy could earn from £7 to £11 per week, and that the average pay of a good steady workman was £4 per week, while many active lads still in the first year of their apprenticeship could earn 17s. 6d. to 25s. per week in their overtime. These statements which caused a great deal of astonishment, are, it appears, entirely without foundation. It has been ascertained on inquiry that the highest possible wages a man can now make are £3 to £3 5s. per week, and to do this he must be an "extraordinarily good man," must have the best of work given to him, and must not lose any time during the week in getting his material; he must also have a good lad in the second year of his apprenticeship to assist him. The average earnings of journeymen range from 35s. to £2 10s. per week, but it is only in good times, and when work is continuous, that the latter amount is reached. The truth is that about £2 to £2 5s. per week is all that a skilled workman can obtain, and of this sum some employers are in the habit of deducting 10 per cent. in slack times.

Those who have money to invest, and have not yet decided upon the best mode of doing so, will read with interest the following extract from the *Times* of August 26:—

The new issue of United States Four-and-a-Half per Cent Bonds, which a telegram in to-day's Second Edition of *The Times* announces, will be made almost immediately. It is calculated that the 300,000,000 of debt about suffice to redeem all the Six per Cents. of 1885, taking into account the operations of the sinking fund by which the Government pays off some dls 30,000,000 per annum. Since the close of the war about dls 900,000,000 of the debt has been already paid off. It does not appear to be settled yet at what price the new Four-and-a-Half per Cent. bonds will be offered to the public, but seeing that the Five per Cent. Funded Loan stands at 107¾, and that the par price at which the new loan has been sold to the Syndicate is equal here to 102¼, it is likely to be pretty high. Everything at present favours the issue of the loan. Money is superabundant, investments yielding a steady 4 per cent are scarce, and the credit of the United States never stood higher. Add to this the fact that, as against the Five per Cent. Funded Loan, the new Four-and-a-Half per Cents. will have an advantage in the date of their redemption, and there seems no reason to doubt that the latter will be readily placed at a good price. The Funded Five per Cents. are redeemable at the option of the Government after 1881, and are, therefore, subject to be sooner or later after that date transformed into a Four per Cent. Stock, which is the only other denomination that the United States Government is at present authorized to issue. The Four-and-a-Half per Cents now to be issued on the other hand mature absolutely in 15 years from the 1st of September of the present year. There is thus a certainty of 15 years in the one case and of only five in the other; for, although the Six per Cents. of 1867 fall next to be redeemed, it is not improbable that by 1881 that redemption may be accomplished and the way prepared for an operation with the Five per Cent. Funded Loan. Many people may, therefore, be tempted to exchange the Five per Cents. for Four-and-a-Half per Cents. for the sake of the longer immunity from change, should the price be sufficiently tempting.

ROWLANDS' EUKONIA is a new and fragrant powder for the face and skin, and is especially recommended to ladies as being far superior to all other Violet and Toilet Powders. Rowlands' Odonto whitens and preserves the teeth, prevents decay, arrests tartar, decay, and gives a pleasing fragrance to the breath. Sold by all druggists, chemists, and at all stores and bazaars. Ask for Rowlands' articles, of 20 Hatton Garden London, and avoid cheap imitations. Bombay, Wholesale and Retail Agent, Tejgaonna & Co., Limited, Byculla and Fort, also at Poona.

THE POONA RACES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

FOURTH DAY, TUESDAY, 19th SEPTEMBER.

STEWARDS.

Colonel Harris, Judge; Major Burnett, Starter; Majors Lukin and Fellows, Clerk of the Scales; Messrs. Dun and Conran, Clerks of the Course; and Howard Mellias, Esq., Honorary Secretary.

Yesterday's racing consisted principally of Handicaps, and if the number of acceptances and the prices fetched in the lotteries can be looked upon as a criterion of general approval, the Stewards should feel flattered by the tribute paid to their judgment. In the Arab winners fourteen horses were handicapped, and though six of the fourteen did not accept, it must be remembered that in every case but one, that of Clemence, the reason of the absentees not appearing at the post was either that the stables were represented by other companions, or, as in the case of Syrian, an engagement in another race. In the Galloway Handicap, out of eight horses entered, six came to the post. Judge Advocate's absence was accounted for by his being reserved for the 2 mile race, and Deception, who had been lame early in the meeting, was only entered for the fun of the thing. In the Waler Handicap everything came to the post except Kingcraft, whose owner's interests were represented by his stable companion Snee, so that it must be admitted, notwithstanding the result of the races, that all the owners considered themselves fairly treated, and that the knowing public could not pick out the winners. In the Galloway Handicap a protest was entered against Gazelle starting, which I think is worthy of notice. By the terms of the race, it was for all galloways that had *started* during the meeting. Gazelle did not start for any of the regular races, the terms of which were issued by the Stewards, but on the second day he ran in a private *match* against Electric, and the question arose as to whether starting for a match could be considered as coming under the meaning of the term as it appeared in the original prospectus. The Stewards, on the matter being referred to them, decided in favour of Gazelle being allowed to run; and there was some talk about a protest being put in by the owner of Syrian before the horses started which, eventually, I believe, was not lodged. Syrian's owner had the law of the Stewards who were undoubtedly quite wrong in the decision they gave. Matches are never recognised as regular races, and horses running in them neither carry extra weight for winning them, nor do they receive any allowance for being beaten in them; furthermore, they are entitled to any allowance granted by the terms of the race for horses *that have never started*. The inference from all this is clear enough, and in the Calcutta rules—to make the matter still more plain—there is a special rule which runs as follows:—"Horses that have only run in private sweepstakes and matches during a race meeting are not qualified for winners' and losers' handicaps." The usual claptrap about the objection not being a sporting one was, of course, resorted to; but after all it must be remembered that if racing is sporting, it is also *business*, and that it is far better, even for the peace of mind of the Stewards themselves, to stick to the letter of the law. Once it is acknowledged that disputes of this sort should be settled on sporting principles, the door is opened to endless disputes, for the term, like that of an untrained horse, is one which it is impossible to define. The great dispute of the day, however, was in regard to the objection lodged by the owner of Fireman against Touchit in the Waler Handicap. The finish in this race was a very close one, resulting in the defeat of Fireman by a neck, and the principles involved are of such magnitude that it is right the subject should be freely discussed. Touchit had throughout the greater part of the race a commanding lead, but at the top of the hill he was challenged by Fireman, who came up on his outside. When the two horses rounded the turn to the straight run in, it has been established, by what to my mind is unimpeachable evidence, that both horses were, though not very close to the inside, on the inner half of the middle third of the course, and the whole thing hinges on what took place in the *last quarter mile home*. Fireman's owner protested against Touchit on the ground that he swerved to the left the whole way home, and carried Fireman with him in such a way as absolutely precluded the possibility of the latter winning the race. Two issues, therefore, at once presented themselves, on the settlement of which the merits of the case can be easily got at. First, did Touchit swerve in the manner stated; and 2ndly, if he did, did it effect the result of the race? I did not myself see the finish till both horses were within 70 or 80 yards of home, and *at that time* Fireman was almost on the extreme outside of the course, and Touchit was certainly swerving to the left. I cannot believe that Fireman's jockey would have ridden wide in this manner from choice; and as Touchit was undoubtedly hanging to the left at this point, the inference appears to me clear—that the extraordinary position taken up by both jockeys at the finish was consequent upon the swerving of Touchit. In order to ascertain what took place before this period of the race, I asked some uninterested spectators who closely watched the straight run in from the Grand Stand, which commands an uninterrupted view of every inch of the ground from the turn home, what their opinion was, and, without exception, they told me that Touchit ran the whole way in a diagonal direction. Their evidence is of much more value than that of any number of Stewards in the Stewards' Stand, or the opposite side of the course, inasmuch as from the latter the finish cannot be properly seen till the horses reach the distance post. To my mind, therefore, it is perfectly clear that Touchit the whole of the last quarter mile home, instead of keeping a line straight to his front, swerved to the left, intentionally or unintentionally has nothing whatever to do with the point, and in doing so forced Fireman out of his proper line. The only question then remaining is to decide whether Touchit's diagonal finish affected the result of the race. The Stewards by a majority of four to three decided that it did not, and awarded the race to Touchit—a decision which has been the cause of a great deal of unfavourable comment amongst others, besides those who were interested in the race. Bowen, the jockey, who was riding in rare of both horses was, I believe, called in to give his evidence, and stated that Fireman's jockey should have pulled his horse back and should have taken the inside place at the turn. I cannot see that this in any way affects the question at issue. It merely records Bowen's ideas, which may or may not be correct, as to what tactics Fireman's jockey should have adopted three furlongs from home; the *vital question at issue*, (leaving out anything that may have happened at the corner) being, *did Touchit interfere with Fireman the last quarter mile home?* On what grounds the Stewards decided that he did not, I am at a loss to imagine. It is the business of a jockey when finishing neck and neck with another horse in the straight to go directly to his front, and it has nothing whatever to do with the case to say as was said that Touchit always hangs out, or that his jockey did all he could to keep him straight. The fact remains that he went crooked, and by doing so prevented Fireman from going straight, and thereby caused Fireman to travel further than he would have done had Touchit ran straight instead of crooked. It has been said there was no collision, but whether this is the case or not, I cannot see that it affects the question. Touchit's diagonal line must naturally have induced Fireman to hang also to his left to prevent his being run into, and must also have been most perplexing to his jockey, who, on the one hand, was unable to use his whip with his right hand, and on the other would naturally be afraid that if he flogged with his left he must inevitably come into collision with Touchit; and justice certainly demanded, in the case of so *very close a finish*, that if there was any doubt the benefit of it should be given, not to the man whose jockey rode crooked the whole quarter mile home, but to the owner whose horse, through no fault of his own, had been driven off his proper line to the outside of the course, and who was then only beaten by a neck. The decision in this case will, in my opinion, be a very bad precedent, and will give encouragement to jockeys who are given to foul riding, (and there are such) which will be most perplexing to Stewards of future race meetings. There is another thing in connection with this case which I think is much to be regretted. It was decided off hand immediately after the races and scarcely any witnesses were called. It should have been postponed till the next morning, when important evidence would have been forthcoming from uninterested persons in the Grand Stand, who were in a much better position to judge of the merits of the case than any number of Stewards in the Grand Stand. This miscarriage of justice has thrown quite a shadow over a really successful meeting, and induced two of the three Stewards who were in the minority to resign their posts. I now pass on briefly to the details of the races themselves.

1st Race—"The Hacks"—Rs 400. For all horses weight 10-7. Winner in one previous season 5lbs, in two 10, in three 14lbs extra. Entrance Rs 20. To close and name at 7 A.M. the day before the race. Distance 2 mile.

	st. lbs.
Mr Windham's ....c sus g Viking 11	7 Mr Elliott...1
Capt Tyndell's .....b aus g Tempest, late Naboclist...10	12 Capt Hogg..2

A canter for Viking, who won in the bad time of 1m. 30s.

2nd Race—"The Galloway Handicap"—Rs 300. For all Galloways that have started during the meeting. Entrances to be made by 7 A.M. the day before the race. Handicap to be published by 9 A.M. Acceptances to be in the box by 2 P.M. Entrance 3 G.M., with 1 G.M. forfeit for not standing the Handicap. Distance 1½ mile.

	st. lbs.
The Rajah of Jowrah's .....b a g Syrian 10	0 Emaum.....1
Mr Jones' .....b a g Cherub 8	4 Hackney ...2
Mr Maitland's .....b a g Crossbee ... 8	2 Cossens ...3
Major Crosbie's.....g a g Grey Jacket 7	10 Rowjee.....0
Aga Moochool Shah's .....b a g Shaheen..... 8	7 Cassim 0
Captain Davison's..g a p Gazelle 8	7 Bowen 0

Grey Jacket took the lead at the start, with Shaheen, Cherub, and Crossbee in close attendance, Gazelle bringing up the rear. At the mile post Shaheen ran into 1st place, which he kept till he got to the hill, when Grey Jacket again went to the front, and by the time the ½ mile post was reached was leading two or three lengths. At the turn Syrian came, and running through his horses with consummate ease, won by 6 lengths in a canter; Cherub 2nd, Crossbee 3rd, half a length behind Cherub.

3rd Race—"Winners' Handicap"—Rs. 1,000. Forced for all Arabs and Presidency C. B. Winners during the meeting (G. R. races excepted) and optional to losers and horses that have run in closed races. Handicap top weight not to exceed 10-7. Entrances to be made to him are soon dispelled with a rough hand; for, by 7 A.M. the day before the race. Handicap to be published by 9 A.M. Acceptances to be in the box by 2 P.M. Entrance 5 G.M. Distance two miles.

	st. lbs.
H H Aga Khan's...b a h Lachin 9	2 Brewty 1
Major Crosbie's ...g a h Dutchman ... 8	11 Finch 2
Capt Davison's ....b a h Yazed..... 7	6 Walker 3
H H Aga Khan's...ch a g Judge Advocate..... 8	7 Cassim 0
Mr Jones' .....ch a h Kitano 8	7 Hackney ...0
Mr Abdool Raymon's .....b a h Merry Legs 9	7 Bowen.....0
Mr Snelson's.....g a h Petrel 8	2 Cousens 0
Mr Macpherson's.. b a c Ariel 7	7 Oomer.....0

When the flag dropped all the horses went off at a very slow pace, Yazed leading, with Petrel, Merry Legs, and Ariel in close attendance, Kaitano and Judge Advocate bringing up the rear. After travelling a mile in this order, Merry Legs moved forward from the third to the first place, but there were no further alterations, with the exception of the cluster in rear assuming a more compact shape. When the ascent of the hill commenced, Yazed fell back a little and Kaitano and Judge Advocate both failed to maintain their positions in regard to the leading horses. The remaining horses at the ½ mile from home were all well together, and it was not till the corner was turned that Lachin was seen gradually drawing his head to the front. When the straight had been fairly entered, Yazed again joined his horses, and all the leaders with the exception of Lachin, were seen at the whip. From the ¼ mile home the race was over. Lachin gradually increased his lead, and came home an easy winner by 2 lengths; Dutchman 2nd, Yazed 3rd.

Time—4m. 5s.

4th Race—"The Poona Handicap"—Rs. 1,000. For all horses. Forced for English and Colonial winners during the Meeting (G. R. Races excepted), optional to C. B., winners, and horses that have run in closed races. Handicap top weight not to exceed 11st. 7lbs. Entrances to be made by 7 A.M. the day before the race. Handicap to be published by 9 A.M. Acceptance to be in the box by 2 P.M. Entrance 5 G. M. Distance 2 miles.

	st. lbs.
Major Crosbie's.....b aus g Touchit... 7	7 Walker 1
Mr Maitland's .....ch aus g Fireman. 9	0 Cousens 2
Mr Downall's .....br aus g Spec 9	7 Bowen.....3

Touchit, who was too much for his rider, went away at the start, Fireman 6 lengths behind and Spec 3 lengths in rear of Fireman. These relative intervals were kept till the mile post was reached, when Fireman and Spec closed a little, and by the time the ½ mile post was reached, the former was within a length of the leader. They travelled in Indian file up the hill, and when the ¼ mile was reached Fireman was abreast of Touchit, and Spec unable to make up his lost ground. At the turn Fireman and Touchit were both ridden home, and a splendid finish home ensued, resulting in the defeat of Fireman by a neck, in consequence of the swerving of his opponent, who drove him to the outside of the course close up to the rails. Any chance Spec might have had was quite destroyed by the bad riding of his jockey whose ideas of waiting seemed to consist of giving the winner about 60 yards start in the first quarter of a mile, though the pace was nothing particular, the first half mile being only run in 56sec.

Time.— 8m. 49s.

5th Race—"The Selling Stakes." For all Arabs. Rs. 300. Winners to be sold after the Race, Surplus above selling price to go to the Fund. Rs. 700 to carry 9st., 4 lbs. to be added or deducted for every Rs 100 in value above or below. Entrance 3 G.M. Distance 1 mile.

	Rs.	st.	lbs.
Capt Sullivan's.....b a g The Clown,	500	8	6 Bowen 1
Mr Jones' .....b a g Cherub ...	900	9	8 2
Mr C F Fuller's ...c a h Nasib	400	8	2 Cousens ...3
Mr Gostling's .....br a h Dreadnought ...	500	8	6 Oomer 0
Mr Anderson's.....b a h Fireaway	500	9	6 Capt Hogg..0
Mr Humfrey name's b a g Buffles	700	9	0 Donaldson.0
Mr Macpherson's ...g a g Pilgrim	300	7	12 Tookaram.0
H H Aga Khan's...ch a g Sarcastic Lan.....	500	8	6 Rowjee ...0

After three or four false starts the horses got away in an indifferent line, Clown took up the running, with Fatty and Nasib about a length in rear, the remainder in an uneven cluster not far behind. At the ¼ mile from home, Fatty fell back, Clown increased his lead, and Cherub and Buffles were brought up and tried to challenge the leader. They failed, however, to catch him, and he won tolerably easily by a length; Cherub 2nd, Nasib 3rd. Heavy rain fell before this race was run off, and the course was heavy in consequence.

Time.—2m. 1¾s.

BHOWNUGGUR AMUSEMENTS.

(FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.)

BHOWNUGGUR, 16th September.

One more of our penny readings has come off. Originally started by Captain Nutt with a view to accustoming his noble charge to facing an audience and speaking, if not exactly in public, at any rate before a tolerably large audience composed of men of position and respectability, these readings, owing to their able management, have become quite a popular entertainment, to which those who are lucky enough to have the necessary recommendations to entitle them to an invitation (for you must remember that our Assembly Room is of rather limited proportions and no pennies are taken at the door) look forward with much pleasure. The last possessed unusual interest, as a new play from the pen of the indefatigable manager formed one of their most attractive features. The following programme will give you an idea of the nature of the entertainment:—

September 5th, 1876.

PART I.—READINGS.

1. "The Slave in the Dismal Swamp." ... Longfellow ... H. H. The Thakore
2. "A Fairy Tale," Hood ... Mr. T R Fernandez
3. Extract from "Karan Ghalo." ... Nandshunker Tulshunker ... } ,, Ratilal Prabhashanker Ojha.
4. Selection from "Marmion" Sir W. Scott ... Captain Nutt.

An interval of 10 minutes, after which

PART II.—"THE GREAT MUDDYGAUM WILL CASE," In IV. Acts.—Dramatis Personæ.

Mumdas Dropsychund	The elder Brother, a taciturn young man	Sons of Dropsychund } Mr. Ratilal Ojha.
Cheatchund Dropsychund	The second Brother, a cunning young man.....	Hiccupjee, a rich Banian } ,, Ratilal Desai.
Chatterjee Dropsychund	The youngest Brother, a loquacious young man.	died of Muddygaum. } ,, Doolarai Mahiputram.
Sheikh Galmelio	Cheatchund's Servant, a scoundrel of the deepest dye	Mr. Samuldas Chegunlal.
Jootha Kotha.	The Forger. (Young in years but old in crime).....	,, Cursetji C. Murzban
Sheikh Chally Sadekilal ...	A very sanguine (sry?) visionary	,, Jamsetji Unwala.
Sakht-ud-Dowlah Chabuk Khan	Foujdar of Muddygaum, a stern official, locally known as "Triangles"...	,, Motilal Mohanlal
Nurumial Kanmlal	Shorustadar to Foujdar, meek and Mild	,, Motilal Mohanlal
Zoolum khan Khutput Oollah.....	Jemadar of (un) Reformed Police, an experienced assessor	,, Mirza Moradali.

Officers of the Court, witnesses, servants, &c.

Act I.—"Negociations." Scene—The Forger's Den.
Act II.—"The Reading of the Will." Scene—A room in Dropsychund Hiccupjee's house.
Act. III.—"Ghostly Interference." Scene—The same as in Act II.
Act. IV.—"Retribution." Scene—The Muddygaum Police Court.

The doors will open when they can longer be kept closed, and the performance will commence when the actors are ready.

Carriages may be ordered to come in when the footlights goout.

N. B.—(A crumb of comfort for the timid.) Doctor Killemoff will be present in case any of the audience are attacked with "fits" or "jumps" consequent on the ghastly appearance of the Ghost.

The plot of the play runs thus. A rich old Banian of Muddygaum, named Dropsychund Hiccupjee, has three sons, two of whom, Mumdas and Chatterjee, are his favourites, the third, Cheatchund, an incarnation of rascality, deservedly occupying only a secondary position in the old man's affections. Dropsychund's wealth consist of 20 lacs in hard cash, and 3 contracts, which in the whirligig of time, have all but touched the lowest point of prosperity, viz.—(1) lighting Gogo with gas lamps; (2) farming 150 Bombay buggies; (3) the sole right of exporting cotton from Dhollera. Feeling assured that on both father's and brother's death the valuable part of the estate would fall to his brothers, and that his share would be the worthless contracts, Cheatchund has recourse to the well-known professional forger Jootha Kotha, to manufacture a false will which will reverse the above disposition. Here the acting begins. The first scene lies in the forger's secret room where we find Cheatchund accompanied by his servant, (who plays no important part in the denouement of the plot) in negociation with the forger. The wrangling that takes place is full of the courtesy and consideration for each other's feelings, which would be expected of such accomplished and refined scoundrels, but they eventually come to terms and Cheatchund leaves with a forged will in his possession. Scene II. opens in Dropsychund's house in which the three brothers are discovered bemoaning their father's death in the true Hindoo style as regards dress gestures, pitch and modulation of voice &c. This tableau vivant was most effective and caused much merriment which was soon followed by cheers and roars of laughter, when, during a pause in their loud wailings, Chatterjee suddenly discovered his features harrowed with grief, and in a melancholy monotone, petted his brothers (for his words fell like hail in a hailstorm) with a few words repeated with half a dozen transpositions expressive of his feelings on the solemn event, while Cheatchund on the one hand and his brothers on the other are trying to console each other about their respective expectations, the executors (who are none other than the forger and Cheatchund's servant in disguise) come in and agreeably to their supposed instructions search for and find the will at the bottom of ghee dabba No. 5, which, with half a dozen other of sorts, formed the ornamental decorations of one part of the deceased Banian's drawing room. The will is then read which thoroughly confounds the favourite sons, Cheatchund to keep up appearances feigining astonishment. When the latter is left in possession of the ancestral house, he shows his true character, and thus gives vent to the aspirations of his unscrupulous ambition:—"What is the use of being a Cheatchund Dropsychund. I should like to be a Rao Bahadur Atmaram Bhukan at least, to be a member of the Legislative Council, to have the freedom of the city of London presented to me," &c. While he is thus soliloquising an adventurer forces himself on his attention under the assumed appearance of a monamaniac, but soon discloses himself as a ready and willing instrument to aid and abet Cheatchund in his attempts to acquire fame by questionable means, describing his *modus operandi* thus. He will send scores of letters and telegrams to various quarter of the globe, to President Grant offering to bear the entire cost of the Centennial Festivals, to Bismarck to contribute towards the purchase of the railways, &c. This immensely pleases Cheatchund, who joyfully accepts his offer, but the visions of greatness which are thus opened out to him are soon dispelled with a rough hand; for, (Scene III.) the adventurer, after six months, reports the signal failure of his scheme, showing most snubbing replies to the letters forwarded by him. Hereupon, Cheatchund losing his temper, assaults his associate in the dirty plot, and with the assistance of his brother, who comes in most opportunely, thrashes and ousts him out. The entrée of the brothers caused no little amusement, for evidently they had not been able to make stones bleed—I mean to say, make the exploded objects of their contracts pay—for their dress consisted literally of shreds holding on to each other merely for Auld Lang Syne's sake. In this heart-moving guise they make the most piteous appeals to their brother for the barest means of existence, as not even will Baron Grant take up the Gogo gas lamp contract, for there is nobody to walk there at night; that Dhollera is fast becoming no port at all; and that the Bombay buggies are useless as the tram cars have taken their entire custom—but all to no purpose. Just at this moment, when all human means had failed, a supernatural manifestation takes place in their favour, and no less a ghost than their father's suddenly rises from behind a table, and declares that they are the victims of a deep-dyed roguery, and that the true will lies concealed in the longest leg of Dropsychund's first charpoy. Cheatchund, as may be imagined, swoons off at this ghostly, and I may add, ghastly visitation; his brothers, on the contrary, possessing a clearer conscience, are at first surprised, but on recovering themselves, they search for the will and on discovering it carry it off to their but to read it unmolested. The fourth and closing scene is a court in which Cheatchund's servant, who had in the meantime been dismissed, turns approver and charges his late master and Jootha Kotha of forgery. The trial is both clever and amusing, but the Criminal Code of Muddygaum being an undefined and indefinite one, the termination is not according to Cocker, and the approver, notwithstanding that he has given evidence is sentenced along with the objects of his hatred and revenge. Here ends the play. Now what shall I say about the acting of the persons who took part in this performance. If they had been old stagers they could hardly have surpassed themselves. They fitted into their parts most admirably, but as good deal of the credit of this no doubt is justly due to the indefatigable manager, who spared neither time nor trouble to coach his hastily collected troupe, a good many of whom were men who had never before dreamt of appearing on a stage.

The other day the Thakore took us out to Bhikra on a picnic excursion from which we returned at near midnight. There was a rifle shooting match for which the Thakore had offered a prize. It was of course won by the highest scorer. In the afternoon we had sports, most of which were won by a Girassia of Gogo. He is one of the best jumpers I have seen. He cleared 5 feet easily and looked quite equal to six inches more. With training he would make a formidable competitor anywhere.

DICK.

BOMBAY.

A Lecture on Kant and Rationalism.—The Rev. R. Stothert will (D. V.) deliver a lecture in the Hall of the Free General Assembly's Institution, Khetwady, on Saturday, the 23rd instant, at 8 P.M. Subject:—"Kant and Rationalism."

Cruelty to Animals.—Yesterday, at the Girgaum Police Court, a cart-driver, named Balia Dhondee, was fined Rs. 3 by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee for torturing his bullock. He was charged at the instance of police constable 916 E.

Divine Service.—There will be a celebration of Holy Communion at Altamont Chapel on Sunday, the 24th September, at 7.30 A.M. The Lord Bishop will preach at St. Peter's, Mazagon, at 11 A.M. service and at the Cathedral in the evening.

Statement of Silver Balance in the Mint.—The value of silver in the Mint on the morning of the 11th September 1876 was Rs. 38,81,474; add silver received during the week Rs. 10,78,859. The sum of Rs. 7,00,281 in new coin was paid during the week; the balance left was Rs. 37,60,052. There is in addition Rs. 1,60,560 worth of silver bullion belonging to private individuals deposited in the Mint vaults and awaiting assay.

Mortuary Returns.—The total number of deaths registered during the week ending Tuesday, 19th inst., was 326, being 43 less than in the preceding week, 20 less than the total of the week ending 21st September 1875, and 3 more than the mean of the corresponding period in the preceding five years. During the week 303 births were reported in the different districts of the city. The rate of mortality per 1,000 of the population was 24·12.

Gamblers.—A noted gambler, named Vulleo Mahomed, and eight other Mahomedans were yesterday charged at the Fort Police Court, before Mr. C. P. Cooper, at the instance of Mr. Inspector Raymond, prisoner No. 1 with keeping a common gaming house at Bhendy Bazaar Road, and the remainder together with prisoner No. 1 with being found gaming therein with dice, cards and money. Upon the evidence adduced the whole of the prisoners were adjudged guilty, except one, named Cassum Veerjee, against whom the evidence was not quite conclusive. He was consequently warned and discharged. As to the remainder, prisoner No. 1 was fined Rs. 20, five others were fined Rs. 7 each, and the rem

the vigour with which Christians are pushing the propagation of their faith in all countries. A decaying faith sends out no missionaries. Another proof still is found in the recent and still continuing revivals in Europe and America. A decaying faith would hardly be able to gather new adherents by thousands and by tens of thousands, as Evangelical Christianity is now doing. When "muscle declaim against the division of Christianity and call it a decaying faith, we can only suspect that, in their case, the wish is father to the thought.

PICKINGS FROM "INDIAN CHARIVARI."—SEPTEMBER 15.

IN medias res, i.e., into the *middle of things*, as the quaffy sub said when he tumbled into the midst of the mess glass and crockery in a dark verandah!!!

Practical Instruction.—Captain Dash.—"Well, Crammer, when you get through the Instruction Class Course, will that terminate all our examinations?"

Captain Crammer.—By Jove, no, I shall have to pass as a Surgeon. You see little family or domestic occurrences take place in distant stations where there is no medical man present!! I shall then be *useful*.

THE HON'BLE KRISTODAS PAL, MEMBER OF THE BENGAL COUNCIL, EDITOR OF THE "HINDOO PATRIOT."

(Indian Charivari)

IF the results of our modern system of University Education in Bengal were to produce men like Babu Kristodas Pal, we might point with some pride to our educational department. But we have the satisfaction of knowing that he owes his undoubted acquirements in a great measure to English teaching, combined with natural talents and untiring industry. A Sudra by caste, and belonging to one of the families that lived in Calcutta when it was only congeries of villages, the Babu has made his own way in the world, unassisted by Government pay or patronage, and in this alone he is a worthy example to his fellow countrymen, who are too apt to depend upon Government for everything. He was born in 1838 and joined the Oriental Seminary, a private school, in 1845, when he was also a private pupil of the Revd. Mr. Morgan. In 1855 he joined the Hindu Metropolitan College, founded by Baboo Rajendra Dutt, where he had the benefit of instruction from Major D. L. Richardson, Captain Palmer, Captain Harris, Mr. W. Masters and Mr. W. Kirkpatrick, all well-known names in the field of Indian literature. This, no doubt, laid the foundation of that style of terse and expressive English with which Kristodas has so long filled the columns of the *HindooPatriot*. And even whilst at this College his connection with the press began, for he was the Calcutta correspondent of the *Central Star*, published at Lucknow, as well as a constant contributor to the *Hindu Intelligencer*. The English papers, such as the *Englishman Hurkuru*, *Morning Chronicle* and *Phœniz* also gladly accepted his contributions. When his collegiate course was finished, in 1857, he was appointed Assistant Secretary of the British Indian Association, of which he can now truly say, *quorum pars magna fuit* for nearly all the memorials to Government from that Association are the work of his brain. In December 1860, on the death of Harish Chandra Mukerji, he was appointed Editor of the *Hindoo Patriot*; and he has not only worthily sustained the name gained for that paper by his predecessors, but has increased its influence, with both Natives and European. He is a Justice of the Peace and Municipal Magistrate, and a Member of the Bengal Council, and in all these positions he has discharged his duties with talent and without fear or attempts to curry favour. It would be better for Bengal if there were more like him.

BUCK.

CATCHING A TARTAR.

(N. China Herald, August 19.)

A DARING attack was made upon a foreigner, an officer of H. B. M.'s ship Charybdis, on Monday evening last, on the Yangtse-poo road, but the assailants caught a Tartar. The officer states that at about a quarter before eleven o'clock, he was returning alone and on foot from a visit he had paid, and had arrived at a part of the road between Dow's godowns and the nearest houses to Shanghai, when he saw three natives coming towards him. The night was light, but there was no moon; and on the men getting nearer he heard them talking loudly to each other, and noticed that one of them was carrying a heavy bamboo across his shoulder, which showed they belonged to the coolie class. When he first saw the men, it occurred to him that they might be dangerous, and he therefore detached his watchguard and placed it with his watch, in his breast pocket. As they passed by him, they opened out, the man with the bamboo passing on the left, the others on the right. As soon as he had got through them, he luckily looked round, and saw the man with the bamboo in the act of striking at him with it, the bamboo raised in both hands and just descending. He jumped aside barely in time to evade the blow, which grazed his right shoulder, and at the same moment felt the hand of one of the other men grasping his collar at the back of his neck. He jerked himself free, and instantly grasping the bamboo, wrenched it from the man who still held it, and swinging it round with all his might, struck the other two men and knocked them clean into a ditch or waterhole close by. Then dropping the bamboo, he seized the other fellow by the waist, and threw him head over heels on the ground. All three lay quite still, and after waiting a few seconds, to see if any other foreigners were approaching, the officer made the best of his way towards Shanghai. The affair has been put into the hands of the Police, who, it is hoped, will obtain a clue to the ruffians.

EUROPEAN AND OTHER EXTRACTS.

THE CHAMPION FOURS IN AMERICA.

THE first of the prizes at the Centennial Regatta has fallen to an American crew, the London crew being second, beaten a few feet or inches only. The race was for the champion amateur fours. The Beaverwyck crew of Albany, who won the final heat on Wednesday, seem to have done so on their merits, according to the *Times* telegram, however close the finish may have been. They were behind for the greater part of the race, and, coming with a spurt at the last, passed the Watkins and London crews in succession, and won by a few feet. Our American cousins place implicit reliance on time tests, in boat-races and horse-races alike. This result should open their eyes to the fallacy of trusting bare time, unless wind, weather, and the case of a victory be also taken into calculation. When the Beaverwyck men won their former heats they were on each occasion much slower than London, the latter being pressed in each heat, while the others seem to have won their heats without difficulty. The *Sportsman's* telegram puts a different complexion on the race to that of the *Times*. It says that Beaverwyck won by twelve inches only, and that London were fouled by both American boats. If so, then, if London were wrong in the fouls, they remain losers. If not, they should at least be entitled by the laws of boat-racing to row the winners over again, putting the Watkins crew, out of the race. If A, B, and C start, C fouls B, and A comes in ahead, C is disqualified, and B can claim to row A over again, unless in the opinion of the umpire the foul had no possible chance of effect on the result. With a race won by a foot only an umpire could not refuse a new race with propriety. We shall wait anxiously for further details. The affair looks queer, but we refrain from passing comments upon the *bona fides* of the race till we have heard more particulars. When we criticised our oarsmen in America on the 16th ult., we expressed our opinion that the English amateur crews were not a very good lot, and that the London crew would be likely to be the best of the three. This has been borne out. The Dublin men were beaten on the first day, and the First Trinity men on the second. The latter crew stopped half way, one of their men being unwell, but the line drawn from their other rans shows that they were much inferior to London and Beaverwyck, as well as to some other American crews. When the London crew was wanted, as we pointed out on the 16th, was strength. They had only two first-class heavy weights in the boat—viz., F. Gulston and A. Trower. The other two men were good for their size, but light, each fit for a bow seat, but light for any other post in a four of real pretensions. A four of high class should have three first-class heavy weights, and one good middle weight, of about 11 st. or 11 st. 5 lbs. It is humiliating to be defeated; and we could wish that if our amateurs were bent upon pitting their strength against American cracks, they had secured one more first-class heavy man for the London four. One more such man of the class of Playford or Long, of London; Haslip, of Thames Club; Goldie or Nicholson, of Leander (old university oars); Gurdon, Rhodes, or Hoskin, of Cambridge; Marriott, Edwardes-Moss, or Bowstead, of Oxford, would have made a vast difference in the strength of the crew. But business avocations, private engagements, or disinclination for the trouble, kept most of our best men from crossing the water. However, for the present we have been beaten, and it must be plain from what we know of the individual form of the London crew, that this Beaverwyck crew cannot be a bad one. The London four was not so strong as that which, with Playford in it, won the Stewards' Cup at Henley, and that again was a weaker one than the Stewards winners of preceding years. Still, an American crew that could beat this London four, even though by a few feet only, would not disgrace itself at our English regattas, and shows that the Atalanta four which rowed here in 1872 cannot be taken as a specimen of what American rowing is now. We must hope that in the pairs, sculls, and double sculls, which remain to be rowed by amateurs, our representatives may re-establish their prestige to some extent. Tower and Howell, of the London crew, are, we believe, the the best English amateur pair entered, and possess a good chance of winning. The English amateur scullers are none of them within hail of Playford, the amateur champion, and we must not be surprised if they fail. The Thames professional crew has still to row, for fours, pairs, and sculls, and we trust that they may prove too good for the Ward brothers and the Biglin crew, who are the reputed cracks of American professionals.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

A RELIGIOUS WATERING PLACE.

(From the Special Correspondent of the "Times.")

OCEAN GROVE, NEW JERSEY, JULY 27.

A FEW weeks ago, just as the hot weather was setting in, I happened to hear a very seasonable and "awakening" sermon on the perils and temptations of holyday life at the seaside. The idea was somewhat new to me, as I had hitherto always heard more about the temptations of great cities, and had fancied that at the seaside people lived—not always, perhaps, from inclination—after a fashion which might be considered, by comparison, almost innocent and Arcadian. The preacher, however, made out a strong case for his view, and I will briefly summarize the substance of his remarks without attempting to give his words. He made much of the inevitable idleness of holyday-makers at the seaside. They come there expressly to be idle, and for idle hands and heads everybody knows by whom employment is usually found. The young ladies still further weaken their minds by trashy, or even poison them by pernicious, literature. The old ladies indulge more than ever in scandal. Vanity and extravagance are stimulated by ostentatious toilettes, the wearers always having a hand a public before which to parade half-a-dozen dresses a day. The men, to kill time, smoke more and drink more than they would ever think of doing at home, and resort to horseracing, betting, and even to gambling-rooms, with which, it would appear, American watering-places are supplied. Last, but not least, there are unusual facilities for dancing and so called "flirtation," which the preacher denounced as one of the most dangerous words in the language, since it was used even by moral and religious people, as if it covered nothing but what was innocent. Such flirtations, the results of the idleness and the unwonted freedom of seaside manners, too often lead to lifelong misery through improvident marriages, or, still worse, to fatal intimacies, which involve misery, crime, and ruin, not in this life only, but in the next. In short, he drew such an alarming picture of the dangers incident to a seaside holyday that in England it might have become for a humble Christian, a serious question whether he ought to expose himself to them or forego the salt bathing recommended by his doctor and remain sweltering among red-hot bricks and mortar in town.

But in America, which is constantly finding new solutions for Old-World problems, there is an easy and pleasant escape from this dilemma. Here in what are popularly known as "religious resorts," the Christian can get his salt-water bathing with even less exposure to temptation than in nine cases out of ten, would beset him at home. Ocean Grove, from which I now write, is one of them, and is, I am told, on the whole, a good type of a "religious resort," though some of the stricter visitors complain that it has within the last year or two somewhat fallen off from its original character and shows symptoms of an alarming tendency towards fashion and frivolity. As an Englishman and a stranger, I should not, unaided, have discovered this tendency, and even now that it has been pointed out to me, I venture to hope it furnishes no ground for serious alarm. I have searched in vain for the temptations which the preacher denounced. However great may be inducements to drink offered by what some might, perhaps, consider the "al wense" of the place, there is no means of gratifying the craving, unless the sinner has in cold blood smuggled liquor from distance for his own private consumption. In Ocean Grove itself, and for a radius of, I believe, two or three miles, there is nothing in the shape of a "bar." Strong liquors are not to be had, even on the sly, or under some non-alcoholic name. This last is a necessary qualification. The other day, in a large Temperance establishment, I was given a beverage which, if I had not seen it whith my own eyes come from a tap labelled "raspberry," I could have sworn to be rum. But here, after a careful search, actuated, I need scarcely explain by nothing but a strictly philosophical spirit of inquiry, I have failed to find any of the same Temperance raspberry, or any other fluid stronger than ordinary lemonade. In Ocean Grove no man can complain that he is tempted to drink. Nor is he tempted to smoke. If he has come unprovided with tobacco he must go outside the barriers about a mile to get it. In the place itself he cannot get an ounce of the mildest Latakia or cabbage. If he comes provided, the public opinion of the community is so against tobacco in all forms that there must be some thing of the "bold bad man" in his composition if he ventures to smoke before dark. Even chewing, the recognized national recreation is looked coldly on, and in such public places as the Post Office, to which strangers and saints meet alike resort, there are notices pointedly requesting everybody "neither to smoke nor to defile the floor with tobacco epittle." My belief is that a man seen smoking or chewing here would seriously injure his prospects in the matrimonial or any other market. As for the temptations to horseracing, betting, and gambling, I need, perhaps, only say that in the hotels no one can play either billiards or cards. Billiard-tables have, it is whispered, been clandestinely introduced into some of the private houses, and there are a few—I am happy to say very few—of the more worldly-minded, or rather the less unworldly-minded, residents who, unless they are grossly calumniated, have insisted upon their rights, as free American citizens, to play "Beggar-my-neighbour" for love, but in the hotels not a card or a cue is to be seen. As for the temptation to extravagant dressing, I never in my life was in any place—among, that is, the civilized natives of a civilized country—where it was with such heroism not merely resisted, but knocked down and trampled under feet. About half the houses are—if I may be pardoned such a bull—tents. The visitors like them, partly for the novelty of the thing, partly for economy, and partly because they are thus constantly reminded that they are mere pilgrims and sojourners on the earth. Summer life in a tent, where the doors, so to speak, are always open, and as one passes one can see at a glance what is going on inside—to-day I saw a lady publicly doing "her hair" with the utmost *sangfroid*—has, I conjecture, a tendency, especially when assisted by Christian simplicity and humility, to become a very free and easy one, and to shake off many fetters of conventionality, none the less galling because they are small. At least, I can only account in this way for the unconstrained manners of the pilgrims of Ocean Grove. Yesterday, just after my arrival, as I was walking among the tents, I was considerably amazed, not to say alarmed, by a very stout female Christian suddenly popping out from a tent just in front of me with bare feet, a huge flapping straw hat, innocent of all riband or other ornament, and but two garments, the lower of which looked very much as if it belonged by right to her husband. My first hasty impression—due, perhaps, to the bare feet—was that she was a beggar-woman summarily ejected from the tent, and that she had got herself up in this style to excite compassion—a singularly weakminded illusion, it struck me, since in hot weather she looked enviably cool, comfortable, and, in a word, "jolly." Two young ones, in a still more *degagé* costume if possible, came out of the tent after her, and then it occurred to me that they were all going to bathe. The sea was some 300 or 400 yards off, but it seems to be the practice of the pilgrims to dress and undress in their tents homes, instead of going to the expense of a bathing-house, and one may meet them at a distance from home sometimes dry, sometimes dripping, but always innocent of shame, as Adam and Eve before their fall. Some of my fellow-countrymen may, perhaps, require to be told that the Americans have degenerated from the Puritan propriety of the Anglo-Saxon race, and, instead of everybody hiding himself in a bathing machine and the two sexes being separated, as in virtuous and decorous England, the ladies and gentlemen here all bathe together like the French, the Germans, and other depraved nations of the Continent. From a notice in my hotel, which is about a quarter of a mile from the sea, that "the guests are requested not to change their bathing suits in the rooms," it must, I fear, be inferred that the practice of dressing or rather undressing at home for the bath is less general than it was, and that Ocean Grove is so far losing its primitive simplicity.

As for the temptation to round dances, need I state that not even quadrilles or minutes are permitted here, while the young ladies are as over fully protected from novels as the young men from strong drink and tobacco? It is painful to be obliged to add that even in this stronghold of seriousness novels are asked for, and, indeed, I should be tempted to conceal the fact if the local paper, the "Ocean Grove Record of Religion and Recreation," had not courageously made it public. On the other hand it is gratifying to find that the demand is resisted with uncompromising firmness, as may be seen from the following laconic announcement:—"The clerks at the book store are greatly pestered by applications for novels or what is termed 'light reading. Such literary trash is not allowed to be sold there." As for the last, and, as some consider, greatest temptation—to flirt, if I may be pardoned the word, I have not been long enough in Ocean Grove to venture an opinion on so delicate a question. If, however, it be true that idleness is the chief incentive to flirtation, then it is certainly at a discount here. From morning to night there is occupation for people of serious mind. Take, for instance, to-day's programme of which due notice is given to everybody in the local paper:—"At 8-30, Normal Classes (there is just now a Sunday School Convention here); at 9-30, an Address, 'The Bible and Interpreter of Methods;' at 10-30, a Children's Meeting; at 2, Normal Work; at 3, an Address, followed by impromptu notes and queries; at 7, a 'Responsive Service,' on the beach, called 'The Voice of the Sea;' at 8, an Address, 'The Bible and Modern Science.'" To these services all the visitors at the Grove are heartily welcomed, though no bigoted attempt is made to force anybody to go against his will. The local Government, which seems to have all the powers of a paternal despotism,—though both governed and governors, to say nothing of the soil, are American,—might easily have made attendance at so many services per day or week a condition of residence in the Grove, just as, in my day at least, Oxford undergraduates were "sent down," unless they "kept so many chapels." The Government has the power and uses it to prevent boating and even bathing on Sundays, nor on Sunday can any vehicle of any description enter the gates. They are closed at 11 p.m. on Saturday, and not opened till Monday morning. It might, therefore, I suppose, make us all go to church, but it very wisely refrains from this unwonted exercise of authority, which is, moreover, unnecessary, since without its services are well attended. Nor should it be supposed that the programme I have just read contains all the devotional work of the day. These fare merely, if I may use the phrase, the official services. There are other religious meetings, notably one held every evening and largely attended by people who wish to exchange spiritual experiences. Hence it is sometimes called an "experience meeting." It is attended chiefly by women and the fluency and self-possession with which they give each the history of her conversion or a description of her present state of mind are certainly very remarkable. Usually prayers are offered for unconverted friends and relatives, who, however, are not named.

I have spoken of our Government as having the powers of a paternal despotism, but it is really an aristocracy or oligarchy, the Board of Trustees of the Land Office, or "Guardians." It is described by the local Guide-book as "strictly religious," since no one can be a "Guardian," or, to use the proper designation, though it is somewhat cumbrous, a "Member of the Ocean Grove Camp Meeting Association," unless he belongs to the Methodist Episcopal Church. Thirteen of the associates are ministers and 13 are laymen. The association is only seven years old. It arose from the resolution of a few friends to find a seaside place where, "in congenial society, free from fashion and folly, at an expense within their means, a few families of like mind could pitch their tents, and for a little while in summer enjoy the sea air, bathing, fishing, &c., having such social and religious exercises intermingled as convenience and inclination might suggest." After a long search they chose this spot on the New Jersey coast. They began by buying six acres; but the place grew, as most places in America grow, like Jonah's gourd, and they have now 300. They began in the summer of 1869 with "scores of tent families," the visitors are now usually estimated at 15,000. This is, I think, an exaggeration, but I dare say there are over 10,000 here at this moment. The association obtained from the New Jersey Legislature a charter by virtue of which it has power to govern the community by the peculiar laws to which I have referred. It is described as intended "to provide for the holding of camp meetings of an elevated character, especially for the promotion of Christian holiness, rigidly excluding all forms of speculation, and to afford those who wish to spend a few days or weeks at the seaside an opportunity to do so at moderate cost and free from the temptations to dissipation usually found at fashionable watering-places." The selection of a site was singularly happy. In addition to a fine stretch of sandy beach, all along which the bathing is superb, there is a handsome grove, chiefly of pines and oaks, and at the extremities, north and south, of the encampment lie two lakes, of which the water is perfectly fresh, notwithstanding that they are within a few yards of the sea. The little town—half tents, half cottages, some of the latter very pretty—is built in chess-board fashion, like Philadelphia, the "avenues" intersecting each other and presenting a quaint medley of religious and secular names—Broadway Cute, Pilgrim's Pathway, and Pennsylvania Crosses, Mounts Zion, Tabor, and Hermon. Of the lakes, one is called Wesley and the other Fletcher. Altogether, Ocean Grove is a singular enterprise even for a country so fertile of strange growths as America; and whatever may be thought of some of its eccentricities, there can be no doubt that it has achieved a most marked success and fully answered the purpose for which it was designed.

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S
CELEBRATED
STEEL PENS.
Sold
By all Stationers
THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

JOHN MOIR and SON'S genuine SCOTCH JAMS are prepared with Fruit and pure Cane Sugar, without the admixture of the pulp of any other fruit.
FACTORIES, ABERDEEN AND LONDON.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS
HEAD OFFICE,
PARIS.
SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL.....$3,200,000
RESERVED FUND .....£ 800,000

LONDON BANKERS:
THE BANK OF ENGLAND,
THE UNION BANK OF LONDON,
AND
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO AND SON.

CURRENT DEPOSITS.
INTEREST is allowed at TWO PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balances.
Terms for Deposits at 7 and 14 days' notice and at 3, 6, and 12 months certain may be obtained on application to the Bank.
All remittances should be made payable to the Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris.
A. RENAUD, Manager.
14, Rampart Row, W.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.
BOMBAY BRANCH.
LONDON BANKERS.
BANK OF ENGLAND. | LONDON, JOINT STOCK BANK.
MONEY REMITTED
At current rates of Exchange by the Bank's Drafts on its Branches and Agencies in the East, and
On LONDON | On IRELAND
,, SCOTLAND | ,, PARIS,
And also on the principal Towns in the AUSTRALIAN COLONIES.
If desired, the Bank will send the Draft direct to the party whose address is given.
INTEREST.
On Current Deposit Accounts interest is allowed at 2 per cent per annum, on the minimum Monthly Balances, up to Rs. 100,000 but no interest will be allowed on balances of less than Rs. 1,000.
ON FIXED DEPOSITS,
Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal at 5 p. ct. per annum.
Do. 6 do. do. 4 do.
All Letters should be addressed, and Hoondies made payble to the Agent, Chartered Mercantile Bank.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
Capital Paid up £1,500,000.
Reserved Funds £500,000.
BOMBAY AGENCY.
DEPOSITS of not less than Rs. 500 are received for fixed periods bearing interest at rates which may be ascertained on application.
No interest is allowed on Current Deposit Account
BILLS are bought and sold on England, Scotland, Ireland, Paris, and on the Branches and Agencies of the Corporation at Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Singapore, Hongkong, Shanghai, Yokohama, Mauritius, Fort Elizabeth, Melbourne, Sydney and New Zealand.
Circular Notes are also issued for the use of Travellers negociable in all towns of importance throughout the world.
The Corporation effect the purchase and sale of Government Paper, Stocks, Shares, &c., on account of constituents, and undertake the safe custody of the same, drawing the interest and dividends as they fall due.
Office Hours from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturdays from 10 to 1.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.
BOMBAY. | PENANG. | MANILLA.
CALCUTTA. | SINGAPORE. | SHANGHAI.
AKYAB. | BATAVIA. | HANKOW.
RANGOON. | HONGKONG.
THE BANK'S AGENCY IN BOMBAY
GRANTS DRAFTS on its HEAD OFFICE and LONDON BANKERS, as well as on the other AGENCIES and BRANCHES;
NEGOTIATES, and RECEIVES FOR COLLECTION, BILLS of EXCHANGE; EFFECTS REMITTANCES in the BANK'S OWN DRAFTS, WITHOUT CHARGE FOR COMMISSION; and CONDUCTS ALL KINDS OF GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
DEPOSITS OF MONEY
ARE RECEIVED at CALL OR TERMS WHICH MAY BE LEARNED ON APPLICATION, AND FOR FIXED PERIODS AS FOLLOWS:—
6 months' notice..... 4 per cent. per annum.
12 Do. ..... 5 ,, ,,
All Letters should be addressed, and Remittances made payable, to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
C. J. SHARP, Acting Agent.

NOTICES.

NOW READY.
THE INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE
FOR SEPTEMBER, 1876.
PRICE—EIGHT ANNAS;
With a New Coloured Map.
CONTAINING, besides the other usual information, the latest alterations in the Time Tables of the B. B. & C. I. R., G. I. P., Nizam State, Scind, Punjab and Delhi, and several other lines of Railway.
The GUIDE, having a large circulation amongst Travellers, by Rail and otherwise, is a most effective medium for Advertisements
CONTENTS.
Map of India.
Table of Through Routes (and Fares) from Bombay to places in India and abroad.
Index to Railway Stations.
Index to Places by Steamer and Rail.
Introduction.
Through Passenger Service between G. I. P. and East Indian Railways.
Through Passenger Service between Bombay and Madras.
Railway Time Tables:—
Great Indian Peninsula Railway.
Rates for parcels, horses, carriages, &c. by G. I. P. Railway.
Nizam's State Railway.
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway.
Local Trains between Bombay, Mahim, Sandora and Andaree.
Jubbulpore Extension Railway.
Khandesh State Railway.
Amraotee State Railway.
Wurdah State Railway.
Holkar State Railway.
East Indian Railway.
Rajpootana State Railway.
Oudh and Rohilkund Railway.
Sind, Punjaub and Delhi Railways:—
Punjaub and Delhi Division.
Sind Division.
Through Traffic from Kurrachee to Mooltan, Lahore and Umritsur.
Eastern Bengal Railway.
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway.
Great Southern of India Railway.
Madras Railway.
Nulhattee State Railway.
Steam Navigation Companies:—
P. & O. Co.
Messageries Maritimes.
Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's.
Rubattino Steam Navigation Company.
Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company.
British India Steam Navigation Company.
Scinde, Punjab and Delhi Railway Co.'s Indus Steam Flotilla.
Irrawady Flotilla.
India General Steam Navigation Company.
Routes by Steamers.
Routes in the Bombay Presidency.
Bombay to Central Provinces and Calcutta.
List of Travellers' Bungalows along the Trunk Roads of Western India.
Routes in the Central Provinces.
N. W. Provinces and the Punjaub.
Route to Simla.
Route to Nynee Tal.
Hill Horse Carriage Dak.
Rohilkhund Horse Dak Company.
North-West Dak Company.
Punjaub and North-Western Dak Company.
North-Western Dak Company.
Agra to Jeypore and Nusseerabad.
Rawul Pindee and Murree.
Darjeeling Mail Service.
Scale of Fares for Ingrams, Buggies, &c., in Bombay
Scale of Fares for Palanquins
Scale of Fares for Boats for Bombay Harbour.
May be had at the Bombay Railway Termini, and of the following
AGENTS:—
Bombay.....Thacker, Vining & Co.; Watson & Co.; Hormasjee Bomanjee, Bookseller; Hammond's Refreshment Rooms; Messrs. Cooper & Co.; Auckland Hotel; Byculla Hotel; and Messrs. Almaram Sagoon & Co.
Allahabad .....Kellner & Co.
Bangalore .....Spotswood & Co., "Madras Times," and "Madras Mail" Offices.
Bombay .....Railway Refreshment Rooms and Hotels.
Calcutta .....Wyman & Co.
Ceylon (Colombo).....Ceylon Observer" Office.
Jeolalee .....Cursetjee Dossabhoy.
Kurrachee .....Railway Refreshment Rooms
Kurrachee .....Sindian" Office.
London .....G. Street 30, Cornhill; Gordon and Gotch 54, Bride Street, Ludgate Circus, E. C.
Madras .....Higginbotham & Co., "Madras Times," and "Madras Mail" Offices.
Mussoorie .....Clowes and Alexandra Hotels.
Ootacamund.....Observer" Office.
Poona .....Treacher & Co.; Phillip & Co. and Boys Family Hotel.

PALE TONIC BITTERS,
As supplied to the Ashantee Expedition.
'VAUGHAN JONES'" CELEBRATED ORANGE BITTERS.
("Standard" Brand)—See Name and Address on Bottles.
Are a fine tonic, very fragrant, and delicious flavour. To be obtained of all Storekeepers throughout India, and wholesale of E. VAUGHAN-JONES, 5, Water Lane, London.

ENGLISH GOODS
(VIA SUEZ CANAL)
AT CHEAPEST RATES.
D. NICHOLSON & Co.,
SILK, WOOLLEN AND MANCHESTER WAREHOUSEMEN, India, Colonial and Foreign Outfitters,
50 to 53, ST. PAUL'S CHURCHYARD,
CORNER OF CHEAPSIDE, LONDON,
ESTABLISHED 1843.
Invite attention to their Illustrated 160 page Catalogue, and outfitting List Gratis, sent free, containing full particulars as to WOOLLEN, SILK and COTTON GOODS of every description.
PATTERNS FREE.
LADIES' CLOTHING, LINENS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, RIBBONS, HABERDASHERY, JEWELLERY, &c.
Contractors for Military and Police Clothing and Accoutrements
Household Furniture, Medical Instruments, Ironmongery, Fire-arms, Agricultural Implements, Cutlery, Carriages, Saddlery and Harness. | Boots and Shoes, Wines and Spirits, Ales and Beers, Preserved Provisions, Stationery, Perfumery, Books, Toys, &c., &c.
Shipped at Lowest Export Prices.
Sole Agents for the "Wheeler" and the "Gresham" Sewing Machines for the City of London.
Foreign Produce disposed of for a Commission of 2½ per cent
Price Lists can be had of Messrs. WHEATLEY & Co., Bombay, and at the Office of the *Englishman* Newspaper, Calcutta.
TERMS.—Not less than 25 per cent to accompany Indents, and balances drawn for at 60-days' sight.
Parcels not exceeding fifty pounds in weight and 2 feet by 1 foot by 1 foot in size, and £20 in value, are conveyed from London to any Post Town in India and Ceylon at a uniform charge of 1s. per lb.
Special advantages to Hotel Keepers and Regimental Messes.
D. NICHOLSON & Co.,
583, St. Paul's Churchyard & 26, Paternoster Row, London.

INSSURANCE.

SUN FIRE OFFICE, LONDON.
ESTABLISHED 1710.
INSURANCES effected upon Merchandise, Warehouses, Shops Dwelling-houses, and their contents, in Bombay and the Mofussil, at the current rates.
CLAIMS arranged by the local Agents, and paid with promptitude and liberality.
PEEL, CASSELS & Co., Agents.

THE MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1824.
CAPITAL, ONE MILLION STERLING.
The undersigned have been appointed AGENTS of the Manchester Fire Assurance Company, and are prepared to issue Policies upon Houses, Mills, and other Buildings, Household Furniture, Merchandise, Shipping, &c.
GADDUM & Co., Agents in Bombay.

NOTICES.

DR. PETTIT'S EYE SALVE,
AN INFALLIABLE REMEDY FOR
DISEASES OF THE EYE!
ACUTE or Chronic Granulation of the Lids, Ulceration of the Lachrymal Glands, Film and Weakness of Vision from any cause.
Retail, 12 annas per box. Wholesale, apply to
ROGERS & Co.,
Agents for Bombay.

WHEELER AND WILSON'S SILENT LOCK STITCH SEWING MACHINES.
HIGHEST HONORS AT THE VIENNA EXHIBITION.
PATRONISED BY THE ROYAL FAMILY.
SIMPLE and thorough of construction; speedy and easy of operation; durability of Seam; noiselessness of motion. Perfect workmanship. Plain-sewing, Hemming, Tucking, Felling, Gathering, Binding, Quilting, Cording, Braiding, Trimming and Fringing, Light or Heavy Cloth and Leather work.
INSTRUCTION TO PURCHASERS GRATIS. PACKING FREE.
DOSSABHOY MERWANJEE & Co.,
Sole Agents.
No. 7, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

S. D'ESPERANCE,
COPPER-PLATE ENGRAVER & PRINTER.
BRASS STAMPS, OFFICIAL SEALS,
STEEL DIES WITH CRESTS,
ARMORIAL BEARINGS, MONOGRAMS, &c., &c.
ENGRAVED and EMBOSSED in COLOURS, Neatly and with Despatch.
BOMBAY:—35, MEADOW STREET, FORT

ALWAYS ON HAND,
AT
P. GRANT AND SON'S,
2, RAMPART ROW,
SADDLERY AND HARNESS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
WHIPS, SPURS,
AND
MILITARY ACCOUTREMENTS.

For Sale at this Office.
THE PRIVATE SOLDIER IN INDIA.
(*Revised and Reprinted from the "Bombay Gazette."*)
PRICE—ONE RUPEE.

For Sale at this Office.
THE NEW INDIAN CUSTOMS' ACT AND TARIFF,
In neat Pamphlet form, 8vo. Demy, 25 pp.
(Revised and corrected from the latest Gazette of India.)
PRICE—ANNAS FOUR.

FOR SALE,
AT THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" PRESS.
BOOK-BINDERS' SAW-BENCH.—This Machine is for sawing the backs of Books; and it is arranged for foot or steam power. Price Rs. 175, including seven Circular Saws and various-sized Washers for changing every quarter of an inch.

FOR SALE,
AT THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.
LITHOGRAPHIC STONES.
RED AND GREEN PRINTING INK.
ALSO
SECOND-HAND STEAMER BLOCKS AND SHIP BLOCKS.
Apply at the Manager, *Bombay Gazette* Office Fort, Bombay.

None are genuine without the name of J. & J. CASH.
CASH'S FRILLING.
THE MOST DURABLE AND SATISFACTORY TRIMMING FOR
LADIES', CHILDREN'S AND INFANTS' WARDROBES,
SOLD BY DRAPERS EVERYWHERE.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS
IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional. Gravel and Stone in the Back. Sold in Boxes, at 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.
Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,
APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.
EXPORT AGENTS.
Burgoyne, Burbidges and Co., Coleman Street, London
Newbery and Sons, 37 Newgate Street, London.
Barclay and Sons, 95 Farringdon Street, London.
Sanger and Sons, Oxford Street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.
AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY.
Smith, Stanistreet and Co.; Bathgate and Co., Calcutta.
AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.
Treacher and Co.; Bolton and Co.
AGENTS FOR THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.
Barrie and Co.; De Beaux and Co.; Scott. Mascarine and Co
AGENT FOR RANGOON.
The Rangoon Medical Hall.

SCOTT & CO., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.
HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES
Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5; Livery for Horses on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month including syce Horses in infirmary Re. 1 per day; Commission Rs. 17 from Purchasers on Horses sold.
Every care and attention devoted to Shoeing and breaking to harness, both being under our immediate supervision. Horses sent from up-country will meet with a ready market.

HORSES ON COMMISSION SALE.
A pair of Bay Walers (Mare and Gelding) 8 years, 15-1 high; both broken to saddle and harness, single and pair horses, fast and good movers, Rs. 1,200.
A very handsome pair of Nutmeg Grey Persians, 4 years, 15 hands, perfectly broken to saddle and harness, a beautiful match, Rs. 2,500.
A pair of Grey Arabs, 8 years, 14-3 high, broken to single and double harness, Rs. 800.
A very handsome Bay Arab Colt, 4 years, 15 hands high, well up to 13 stone, would make a first Charger, Rs. 1,200.
A Brabitton high-caste Grey Arab Charger, 14-2 high, the property of an Officer gone to England, Rs. 6.0.
A very well bred White Arab, 7 years old, 14-2 high, has carried 15 stone, and is fast and showy in single or double harness, can be recommend-ed, Rs. 600.
A compactly built Bay Arab, 6 years, 14-2 high, broken Charger and a perfect Lady's Horse, Rs. 800.
A thorough bred Bay Waler Gelding, 7 years, 14-2½ high, is an excellent mover in saddle and a showy Dog Cart Horse, Rs. 6 0.
A Stud-Bred Bay Mare, with black points, good-looking and well-proportioned, an excellent Dog Cart Mare, Rs. 300.
A very well-bred dappled Grey English Mare, about 15 hands, exceedingly well-built for a brood Mare.
A high-caste Bay Arab Galloway, 5 years, 13-3 high, a very pretty mover, has racing qualities Rs. 600.
A powerful Black Australian Broughan Horse, Rs. 350.
A most compactly-built Grey Pegu Pony, 7 years, 12-2½ high, has carried 14 stone, a good mover and quiet in saddle, Rs. 400.
ROBERT SCOTT & Co.
Girgaum Veterinary Stables, Bombay, 26th August 1867.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,
WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS,
23, RAMPART ROW,
HAVE JUST RECEIVED a large and varied stock of Ladies' Gold and Silver WATCHES of superior workmanship.
LADIES' GOLD WATCHES,
Gold Hunting or Semi-Hunting from Rs. 90 to 140
,, ,, ,, ,, keyless 185
,, ,, enamelled and jewelled 200
LADIES' SILVER WATCHES.
Silver Hunting or Semi